The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.
Published every Friday morning in the Columbian Building near the Court House, by
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
Editor and Proprietor.

TERMS.—Two dollars a year, payable in advance.

JOB PRINTING of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch, at reasonable rates.

# The Columbian.

VOLUME III.....NO. 10. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAR. 5, 1869. COL. DEM.—VOL. XXXIII.....NO. 3.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, (ten lines or its equivalent in nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

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BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main st., above court house. vl-n43

A. M. RUPERT, stoves and tinware, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n43

CLOTHING, &C.

D. LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. vl-n43

J. W. CHEMBERLIN, wholesale and retail dealer in clothing, etc.; Hartman's building, Main street. vl-n43

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

J. N. MOYER, druggist and apothecary, Exchange block Main st. vl-n43

P. P. LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n43

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, near southeast corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

E. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., just below American house. vl-n43

CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. vl-n43

BOOTS AND SHOES.

M. BROWN, boot and shoemaker, Main street opposite Court House. vl-n43

SOLLEDER, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, Main st., opposite Episcopal church. vl-n43

HENRY KLEIM, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries etc., East Bloomsburg Main st. vl-n43

DAVID BETZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market street. vl-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

R. EVANS, M. D. surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. vl-n43

R. B. F. Kinney surgeon dentist, teeth extracted without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n46

R. M'KELVY, M. D. surgeon and physician north side Main st., below Market. vl-n43

C. RUTTER, M. D. surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. vl-n43

R. H. C. HOWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. vl-n43

R. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main Street. v2-n20

R IKELER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." v3n1

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

188 LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ramsey building, Main st. vl-n43

188 A. D. WEBB, fancy goods, notions, books, stationery, north side Main street below Market. vl-n43

PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. vl-n43

188 JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies cloaks and dress patterns, southeast corner Main and west st. vl-n43

188 M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods Main st., opposite Court House. vl-n44

188 M. B. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market st. vl-n43

THE MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street, just below American house. vl-n44

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

LEACOCK, oyster and eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Leacock superintendent. vl-n45

TIDMYER & JACOBY, confectionary, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. vl-n43

COX & WEBB, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Main st., just below Iron. vl-n43

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by Koons & Clark, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n43

AMERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main st., west of Iron street. vl-n43

FORKS HOTEL, by G. W. MAUGER, east end of Main st. vl-n43

STOHNER, refreshment saloon, Main st., just above court house. vl-n43

KOONS & CLARK, refreshment saloon, Exchange hotel. vl-n43

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc Main st., above Court House. vl-n46

H. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc. change block, Main street, vl-n43

KELVY NEAL & Co., dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, &c., northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

C. HOWER, hats and caps, boots and shoes, Main st., above Court, House. vl-n43

C. MARR, dry goods and notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

J. BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

A. BECKLEY, Keystone shoe store, books and stationery, southwest corner Market and Iron sts. vl-n43

WILLIAM ERASMUS, confectioneries, Main st., near the railroad. vl-n43

MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandise and lumber, corner of Main street and Fwick road. vl-n43

J. ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods groceries etc. Shive's block, Main st., below Iron vl-n43

K. GIRTON, Groceries & Provisions, southeast corner Main and Iron Streets. vl-n44

J. SLOAN, dealer in choice dry goods, Housekeeping goods, fresh groceries, etc., etc. Main opposite court house. v-in43

K. EYER, groceries and general merchandise Main st., above West. vl-n43

T. SHARPLESS, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, etc., Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vl-n43

CRAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions, Bloomsburg, south side, two doors above Brobst's gunsmaker shop. v-n18.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN M GUGEL, Sign, Ornamental and Decorative painter Scottown, cor 4th & R Rst. vl-42

W. CORELL, furniture rooms, three story brick on Main st., west of Market st. vl-n43

J. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades, and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. vl-n43

ROSENSTOCK, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. vl-n43

BROADT, photographer, Hartman's building northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

E. BIDLEMAN, Agent Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod. v2-n19

TUBBELL, saddle, trunk and harness Main st., below court, house. vl-n46

ER, Gine Maker, and White and fancy town. vl-n47

LUMBER CO., manufacturers in Lumber, of all kinds, planing all-road. vl-n46

MAN, saddle and harness maker, west corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

N, marble works, near southwest Main and Market sts. vl-n45

INGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and odeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms vl-n43

OBBINS, liquor dealer second door from west corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

COCK, Notary Public, northeast corner n and Market st. vl-n43

FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire ance company, northeast corner Main and vl-n43

EL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone rks, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. vl-n47

AMPLE & CO, Machinists, East Bloomsburg, near railroad. Castings made at short chine machinery made and repaired. v2-n23

S. KUHN, dealer in meat tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, back of American house. vl-n43

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

DR. C. A. MEGARGEL, physician and surgeon, Main st., next door to Good's Hotel. vl-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Wm. Masteller cor. of Main and Pine st. vl-n47

SWAN HOTEL, the upper house by John Snyder, Main st., above Pine. vl-n47

HARMAN BROTHERS, Tanners and manufacturers of leather, on Main st., below Goods' Hotel. v2-n47

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. vl-n47

BOWER & HERRING, dealer in dry goods, groceries, lumber and general Merchandise Main st. vl-n47

GEORGE LAZARUS, saddle and harness maker Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vl-n47

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the brick hotel. vl-n47

M. S. HAYHURST, Clocks, Watches and Guns repaired. Guns and Watches for sale, Main St., below Pine. vl-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine. vl-n47

MICHAEL C. KELLER, Confectionery, Oysters &c., &c., on Pine St., between Main and Mill. vl-n47

H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. vl-n47

WILLIAM DELONG, Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine vln49

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. vl-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. vl-n47

JOHN KELLER, Boot and Shoemaker, Pine Street, opposite the Academy vl-n47

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. vl-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle. Main St. v2n5.

J. M. HARMAN, saddle and harness maker Orangeville, opposite Frame church. vl2n11

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostebauder Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2-n12

J. H. CREASY, dry goods, groceries, and general Merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tin-ware, Main Street. v2-n12

WM. H. ABBETT, attorney at law, Main Street. v2-n12

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

L. KEILER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season Main Street. v2-n12

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second St., below Main. v2-n18.

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawisa House," North West Corner Main and Second Streets. v2-n18.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18.

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light Street. vl-n45

J. TERWILLIGER, Cabinetmaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker. vl-n46

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above school house. vl-n46

MRS. E. KLINE, millinery and fancy goods. vl-n46

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, etc. Cash paid for Hides. vl-n46

WM. M. ENT, dealer in stoves and tin ware in all its branches. vl-n46

JOHN A. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. vl-n61

J. J. LEISER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician. Office at Keller's Hotel. v2-n27

ESPY DIRECTORY.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main street, opposite steam Mill. v2-n46

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C. S. Fowler, Proprietor. v2-n46

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO., dealers in dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise. v12n11

J. D. CALDWELL, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hardware, fish, salt, nails, etc., etc., v12n11

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v12n11

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise. First store in south end of town. v2-n18.

JACOB & WM. HARRIS, dealers in dry goods, groceries, drugs and medicines. First store in north end of town. v-n18.

JERSEYTOWN DIRECTORY.

JACOB A. SWISHER, dealer in Hides, Leather Bark etc. Madison township Columbia county Pa. vl-n46

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

The undersigned having purchased this well-known and centrally-located house, the Exchange Hotel, situate on MAIN STREET, in Bloomsburg immediately opposite the Columbia county Court House, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that their house is now in order for the reception and entertainment of travellers to whom they be disposed to favor it with their custom. They have spared no expense in preparing the Exchange for the entertainment of their guests neither shall there be anything wanting on their part to minister to their personal comfort. They house is spacious, and enjoys an excellent business location.

Omnibuses run at all times between the Exchange Hotel and the various railroad depots, by which travellers will be pleasantly conveyed to and from the respective stations in due time to meet the cars. KOONS & CLARK.

Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

FORK'S HOTEL,
GEORGE W. MAUGER, Proprietor.

The above well-known hotel has recently undergone radical changes in its internal arrangements, and its proprietor announces to his former custom and the travelling public that his accomodations for the comfort of his guests are second to none in the country. His table will always be found supplied, not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacies of the season. His wines and liquors (except that popular beverage known as *McHenry's*), purchased direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and free from all poisonous drugs. He is thankful for a liberal patronage in the past, and will continue to deserve it in the future. GEORGE W. MAUGER.

EXCHANGE SALOON,

THE Proprietor of the Exchange Saloon has now on hand a large stock of
SUMMER REFRESHMENTS,
consisting of
SPICED OYSTERS, SARDINES, TRIPE, BOLOGNAS SHEEP TONGUE, BOILED EGGS, SWEITZER CHEESE.
LAGER BEER, ALE, &C.
☞ COME ONE, COME ALL AND SEE. ☜
LAWSON CALMAN,
Superintendent.
Bloomsburg, May 3, 1867.

THE ESPY HOTEL,
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken the above well known House of Entertainment, and will be pleased to receive the custom of all who will favor him with a call.

HE WILL KEEP A GOOD TABLE,

a Bar well stocked with the best of Liquors, and every effort will be made to render entire satisfaction. C. H. DIETTERICH.
Espy, Pa., April 12, 1867.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.
May 10, 1867-1y.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB
PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County, Penn'a.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office with E. H. Little, in brick building adjoining Post Office. ☞ Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. [sep20'67.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Register and Recorder's office, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office on Main street, in brick building below the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ OFFICE—Court House Alley, below the *Columbian* Office. [Jan4'67.

AUCTIONEER.
MOSES COFFMAN,
Having followed the profession of Public Vendue Crier for many years, would inform his friends that he is still in the field, ready and willing to attend to all the duties of his calling. Persons desiring his services should call or write to him at Bloomsburg, Pa. [mar8'67.

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK
MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS, BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &c.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the country. Examine for yourselves.
Shop first door below the Post Office Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 15, 1867.

S. C. COLLINS,
FASHIONABLE
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOOING SALOON,
Over Widmayer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Saloon,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Hair Dyeing and Whiskers colored black or brown. Hair Tonic to destroy dandruff and beautifying the hair; will restore hair to its original color without soiling the finest fabric, constantly on hand. [april'67.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan.31,'68tf

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.
W. M. MONROE & CO.,
Rupert, Pa.,
Manufacturers of
POWDER KEGS,
and dealers in all kinds of
LUMBER,
give notice that they are prepared to accomodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

UNION HOTEL,
ROHRSBURG, PA.
The undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that he has purchased and refitted in the best manner the old stand formerly occupied by W. A. Kline, and that he is now prepared to accommodate his friends with all the comforts and conveniences of a first-class house. A fine new barn has been built and the surroundings placed in perfect order. The bar will always be stocked with the choicest liquors and cigars, and the table furnished with the best the market affords. JAMES V. GILLASPIE.
July 3,'68-tf

BRICK HOTEL,
ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
WM. MASTELLER, PROPRIETOR.
Having taken possession of this well-known house, so long kept by Samuel Everett, the Proprietor has put it in permanent repair and furnished BAR AND LARDER with the choicest liquors and newest delicacies. His table is not excelled in the county; and no pains will be spared to accommodate guests [apr3 6

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY
has just returned from Philadelphia, and has bought, and is now offering the best assortment of
FANCY GOODS,
TRIMMINGS,
BONNETS &c. &c.,
ever exhibited in Bloomsburg, and is prepared to make up dresses and all other articles of female wardrobe, at short notice, and in the best and
LATEST SPRING STYLES.
Rooms in the Ramsey Buildings, on West Main Street. Call and see her varied stock of Spring Goods.
May 1,'68.

C. H. HORNE. W. S. KING. J. B. SEYBERT.
HORNE, KING & SEYBERT,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,
No. 315 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders filled promptly at lowest
January 3, 1868,

CHAS. G. BARKLEY,
Attorney at Law,
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.
Office in the Exchange Building, second story, over Widmyer & Jacoby's Confectionery. Second door above the Exchange Hotel
Bloomsburg, Jan. 1, 1869.

C. E. SAVAGE,
PRACTICAL WATCH MAKER & JEWELER.
Main Street, (near the Court House,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Constantly on hand a fine assortment of American and Swiss Watches, clocks, Jewelry, silverware of the best description plated on white metal, consisting of butter dishes, goblets, knives, forks, spoons, napkin rings etc.
Masonic marks made to order. All goods and work warranted. [Jan. 1,'69.

ESTABLISHED 1793.
JORDAN & BROTHER,
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in
SALTPETER AND BRIMSTONE,
No 209 North Third St.
Philadelphia.

MERCHANT'S HOTEL,
40 NORTH FOURTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. & W. G. M'KIBBIN, Proprietor.
May 10, 1867-1y.

## Choice Poetry.

### A PRISONER'S PRAYER.

MRS. T. K. HERVEY, the widow of the poet of that name, who has lately published a novel with the romantic title of "Shooded Jessaline," contributes the following poem to the *Athenæum*, based on the words written by Caroline Matilda, Queen of Denmark, on the window of her prison at Kronberg:

"Oh, keep me innocent—make others great!"
Such was thy captive cry,
Thou, fit to rule, though not where kings keep state,
And fitter still to die.

"To die, and rule the world with words that live;
To pass to dust, and leave
A pearl to Time. Thy pearl of prayers shall give
Light while his seas shall heave.

"Oh, tender pleader—Innocency's mate—
Woman! couldst thou not see
How wild a prayer was thine? "Not me make great."
What angel blinded thee?

"Thy voice was raised in vain. Thou didst but rave.
How weak wast thou to cry,
'Sweet innocence let live!" Behold—a grave:
Sweet innocence must die.

"Great Heaven confounds thy prayer. Now thou dost see
How God is love, not hate,
Took back thine innocence in taking thee,
And, taking, left thee great."

### THE ONE GRAY HAIR.

W. S. LANDOR.

The wisest of the wise
Listen to pretty lies,
And love to hear them told;
Doubt not that Solomon
Listened to many a one—
Some in his youth, and more when he grew old,

I never sat among
The choir of Wisdom's song,
But pretty lies loved I
As much as any king—
When youth was on the wing,
And (must it, then, be told?) when youth had quite gone by.

Alas! and I have not
The pleasant hour forgot,
When one pert lady said,
"Oh, I am quite
Bewildered with affright:
I see (sit quiet now) a white hair on your head!"

Another, more benign,
Drew out that hair of mine,
And in her own dark hair
Pretended she had found
That one, and twirled it round—
Fair as she was, she never was so fair!

## Miscellaneous.

### A DESCENT TO AN EAGLE'S NEST.

A THRILLING STORY.

"YES SIR," said my guide, who accompanied me down from the Righi through all the highlands of Berne—an obliging as well as an educated man, "there is, indeed, a difference between travelers. I have now driven (riding on pack horses is called 'driving' in Switzerland) for twenty years, up and down the mountains; I have guided thousands of English, French and Germans, and speak these three languages almost equally well; but have never yet chatted so agreeably with any one, as with you, sir. And when you have roamed about, for weeks, in the mountains, silent and joyless in the journey, it is, then, very tedious. I have experienced it.

"But the most singular being," continued he, "that I ever met in my long practice, was an Englishman. He might have learned, somewhere, that I had formerly killed many a chamois, and had robbed various eagles' nests, above there on the Tyrolean mountains at any rate, he suddenly engaged me, through the landlord of the Victoria Hotel, at Interlaken, for fourteen days; and one morning, with the first rays of the sun, we proceeded into the mountains without saying a word, and without his having answered my English morning salutation, but, after an hour's wandering, he suddenly stopped. Pointing with his Alpine staff to the snow-crowned summit of the Silberhorn, and thence describing a circle, as if he would intimate that the whole mountain-chain was to be traversed, he gazed at me, for a while in silence, and then pronounced slowly, only these two words: 'show eagles!' Then he went on. From this time not a syllable passed his lips, during the entire journey.

"For fourteen days we wandered through wind and storm, snow and ice; searched all the passes, peaks and glaciers, but not an eagle did we see; yet I did not hear a mortal word more from the lips of this man;—not a complaint, not an exclamation of joy. When we returned, fourteen days afterward, late at evening, to Interlaken, he silently counted me out, in fine gold-pieces, the wages agreed upon, nodded his head and went into his chamber; horse and rider never saw each other again."

This comical story put me in a very pleasant humor, and, laughing, we chatted long about the taciturn John Bull, whose figure and manners the guide described to me very vividly. In the course of the conversation, we naturally came, also, to his early chamois and eagle hunts, about which he could relate much that was interesting.

"Yes, sir," said he, earnestly, as we climbed up the rocky paths of the Wengern Alp, "since my brother was precipitated from above at the Stag's Horns—that swarm with chamois, and stay at home with wife and child. It is, indeed a peculiar thing, to know that my brother's body is below there, in the abyss, and then to mount up again to the same cliffs and rocks to which the poor fellow slipped from. But capturing eagles is now over with me, since I returned from the Tyrolean mountains, and brought back my white hairs."

I looked at the narrator questioningly.

"Yes, sir," smiled he cheerfully, "with hunters on the Alps, it has happened that one will climb up the mountains in the morning, gaily and briskly, and with thick, brown locks, and return after a few days, pale, feeble, and with *white* hair. Thus it happened to me, yonder in the Tyrol."

The steep path had fatigued me, I sat down on a fragment of rock, and invited the speaker to place himself beside me, and tell his story.

"Not so, sir," said he decidedly, "sit we will not. We have walked and talked ourselves warm, and the snow-wind from the Jungfrau, yonder, is blowing here too icy-cold, for us to stretch our limbs without danger. Let us go on and I will be relating it to you."

"It is now, perhaps, twenty-five years ago," he began, "that I lived yonder, in the Tyrol, with my relations. I was then a vigorous, powerful man, for whom there was no greater pleasure than to climb up the mountains, with my rifle on my back. No chamois path was too steep, then, no eagle's nest too high. My two cousins, likewise strong nimble lads, shared with me the passion for the chase. When a chamois had been tracked, or an eagle's nest discovered, we three cousins were sure to be not far off. All in the valley knew this, too, and brought us word, when anything appeared.

"One day a shepherd-boy informed us, that, on the ledge of a precipice, there was lodged an eagle's nest, in which, as far as he could determine, two young eagles were fluttering. The precipice led into the depths of a frightful abyss and the ledge was only to be reached from above by descending on a rope. The danger of the pursuit when such a noble booty was at stake, could not deter us from attempting the hazardous enterprise, and I even promised to take the nest myself.

"The next morning we proceeded well loaded with strong ropes, up the mountains. I had provided myself with an Alpine staff, whose iron point had an unusual length, and might serve me as a powerful weapon of defence in case of necessity. Besides this, I wore my great chamois-knife in my belt.

"Arrived at the summit of the rock, I lay down, with half my body extended over the precipice, and gazed down into its depths, to discover the ledges. It was a terrible sight. However sharp my eye was, otherwise, it did not, here, reach the bottom of the abyss, that stared back at me, only like a black chaos. The ledge with the eagle's nest was easily found, and lay about seventy or eighty feet below the summit on which we stood. There were nestlings, as the lad had seen quite rightly, two young eaglets, in their knotty, hard bed of twigs, the older possessors of which, the male and female, in all probability, had flown away in search of food. Since it was early in the morning we might expect that they would not return soon, and determined to set to work at once.

"My two cousins now put one end of the rope around the thick stump of a tree, that stood upon the summit of the precipice, while at the other end was fastened a firm, wooden cross-piece by the middle, and in such a way that I could use it as a seat in the dangerous descent. Besides this, I wound about my body a short rope, which, however, was fastened to the longer one, so that I should not be embarrassed in descending and ascending. This was a measure of precaution, in case I should slide from the cross-piece.

"When everything was in readiness, I lay cautiously down upon the rocks, with my feet towards the precipice, and extended upon my belly, pushed myself slowly with both hands, from the verge, and hung over the abyss, whose whole terrible depth I now overlooked. It was the first time that I ever attempted such a thing. And, sir, it is a peculiar feeling to hover thus in the air, high aloft on a slender rope, that may break or slip off any moment, and under you a black, ugly chasm, whose immeasurable depth yawns awfully upward. Had not the pleasure of the chase thrilled all my members, and the fear of my cousins' ridicule restrained me, I should almost have begged to be drawn up again. I did not, however, but only asked for my hat and staff, and slowly sank into the abyss.

"You will spare me the description of this descent; it is not associated with the most agreeable reminiscences of my hunting life. Suffice it to say, that, after a journey through the air of about five minutes, I arrived in the neighborhood of the ledge, beside which, to my great joy, I descried a smaller ledge upon whose surface I could find room. When the young, still almost unfledged brood perceived me, they opened their bills wide, and lifted their featherless wings, as if they would fly away. Without paying farther attention to them, I clinched a cleft of the rock, planted my foot upon the ledge, and stood now, freely breathing and successful, on my feet again, knowing that terra firma was under me.

"Silently, and with the least possible noise, I made my preparations. The side-pockets of my coat were so large that a young eagle had ample room in each of them. Not to be hindered in taking them from the nest, I made a signal to my cousins above to slacken the rope, and was just upon the point of stretching out my arm and seizing one of the young eagles, when a peculiar cry sounded shrilly in my ears. In the midst of a rustling, that sounded like the flapping of wings, rang forth a shrill, half-piping, half-plaintive sound that every moment approached nearer, and finally changed to a cry of anguish. Turning my head in the direction of the noise, I perceived an eagle larger than any I had ever seen. With all the impetus of his headlong flight, and with eyes flashing rage, he was rushing down upon me, the robber of his children. I knew that I was lost if I did not succed in enfeebling the onset, or laming his wings.

"In a thrice I had seized the rope again, with my left hand; with my right, I grasped with nervous force the lower part of my staff, drove the icespurs of my left foot as deeply as possible into the weather-beaten rock of the ledge, to gain a support, and at the very moment that the eagle, shrieking and flapping his wings, plunged down upon me, I gave such a violent thrust at his breast that the iron buried itself deep in his flesh, and severely wounded, he beat his wings together. His power of flight, I saw, was weakened; but at the same instant, through the violence of the attack, I, too, lost my equilibrium, my feet stumbled—I staggered backwards into the abyss!

"The blood froze in my veins, but I did not lose consciousness, for a moment. In the midst of my fall I seized with both hands the rope. I felt the stick at the other end of the rope, and upon which I sat, break under me, through the sudden plunge and the weight of my body, and that I was only connected still with the upper world by the second small rope, that was wound around my body. "Draw in! draw in!" rang my clear cry to my cousins above, who answered my signal, and the rope was at once drawn in—I hovered upwards. The severely wounded eagle, as I could still observe, was striving to cling with his claws to the rocky ledge and reach his nest.

"Sir, I was in my youth one of the first wrestlers, and my arms and muscles were of such strength that they could be measured against the best in all the mountains. But I was, and am also what is called a "man of corpulence," and soon perceived that the small rope in the long ascent of eighty feet, could not *alone* bear my heavy body. Necessarily my arms must lend assistance, if I would reach the summit. I did what was in my power, and clinched with both hands the large rope but I had not calculated that, through the weight of my body, the ascent must proceed but slowly. Longingly I directed my glances above. Repeatedly I cried to my cousins: "Draw in—draw in!" They answered encouragingly, but the ascent, however, was not, on this account, quicker; the muscles of my arms were strained to their utmost, and my strength was failing more and more.

"Suddenly I felt that a cold, clammy sweat was covering me. As I looked, longingly towards the top, I observed—an icy chill, even now, runs through me—that under the weight of my body the knot of the small rope was slowly unloosening from the larger, and with every second the moment drew nearer when I must rely solely upon the already failing strength of my arms.

"I shall never in my life forget that moment. With every pull from above, the knot lengthened, the plunge into the abyss was nearer. 'Once more,' I cried, in the deepest anguish of soul, to my cousins; closer and more convulsively my hands grasped the rope, then I closed my eyes—commending my soul to God—the Lord in heaven helped

"Seppel!" a voice cried on a sudden, near me, and a hand seized my hair, and drew me towards it. "Seppel, for God's sake, what has happened to you? Where is your hat—your staff?

"I opened my eyes. My two cousins were kneeling upon the precipice, and drawing in the rope, to bring me to terra firma. I had been nearer the top than I had supposed. The knot, although already half loosed, had continued to hold, and bear its burden till the last. Perhaps two minutes later the end would have slipped, and sent me into the abyss. When I reached the summit of the rock, I sank to the earth in a swoon. How long I lay thus, I know not; but when, a few days afterward, I awoke again, in the house of my relations, and learned that I had had a high fever, and been delirious, my elder cousin, smiling, held a glass before me.

"*My hair was snow white!*"

MILITARY CREED.—The following creed was adopted by the officers of the American Army at Verplanck's Point, in 1782:—

We believe that there is a Great First Cause, by whose almighty fiat we were formed.

We believe our business here is to obey the orders of our superiors.

We believe that every soldier who does his duty will be happy here and hereafter.

We believe that General Washington is the only fit man in the world to head the American army.

We believe that Nathaniel Green was born a general.

We believe that Baron Steuben has made us soldiers, and that he is capable of forming the whole world into a solid column, and deploying it from the centre.

We believe in his "blue book."

We believe in General Knox and his artillery.

We believe in our bayonets.—Amen.

A HANDSOME young Yankee peddler made love to a buxom widow in Ohio. He accompanied his declaration with an allusion to two impediments to the union.

"Name them," said the widow.

"The want of means to set up a retail store."

They parted and the widow sent the peddler a check for ample means. When they met again, the peddler had hired and stocked his store, and the smiling fair one begged to know the other impediment.

"I have another wife," said the notion dealer.

AT Bridgeport, a Sunday School teacher questioned his class last week in regard to the origin of Christmas, with the following result:

"Where was Christ born?"

"At Bethlehem."

"Where's Bethlehem?"

"In Judea."

"Who first knew that Christ was born?"

"His mother."

"VAT's de matter? vat's de matter?" exclaimed an old dutchman as he tucked up his apron and ran out of his shop to know the meaning of a crowd in his neighborhood; "Vat's de matter?"

"There is a man killed," answered a by-stander.

"Oh, ish dat all?" said our friend, in disappointment, "ish dat all?—shust a man kilt! Humph! I tought it vash a fight."

"DID I understand you to say that I was lousy, sir?"

"Oh no, I merely told my friend that when it rained lice in Egypt, I thought you must have been walking about there without hat or umbrella—that's all."

### How a Seller of Beer was Sold.

THERE are a few men in Cincinnati who make a living by selling cheap signs of various kinds to hang outside of corner groceries, saloons, etc.

Since it was recommended by the Board of Health that a sign inscribed 'Small Pox' should be suspended in front of houses where that disease prevailed, one of the most enterprising of the cheap sign dealers prepared a quantity of them to be ready for an expected demand. Yesterday morning he called with his assortment at a lager beer saloon.

"Want any signs?" he inquired of the portly proprietor.

"Yaw," said Hans, "I vants a sign 'Sawdust Vonted!"

"Here it is," said the dealer, who was a graceless scamp, handing him one of his small pox signs, and receiving his pay departed.

The unsuspecting Teuton, supposing it was all right, and not being able to read English, hung it outside his door.

People passing on the walk saw the sign, turned pale, and hurried to the other side of the street. Regular customers came, caught sight of the door knob, and stole away, remarking that they guessed that they warn't very dry that morning. An importunate creditor, whom nothing could daunt before, blanched at the sight of the sign, and going home went to bed straight.

In the meantime the saloon keeper was wondering at the absence of his customers. The regular forenoon lunch was spread—soup, boiled tripe, bologna sausage, stewed liver and onions, saurkraut and brown bread—but no one to partake of it.

Being of a social disposition, this solitude was oppressive to him, besides being unprofitable.

At length one man did come in, and called for a glass of beer. His face was deeply pitted. He had had it.

"I see by your sign out there," said the man with a motion of the head toward the front door, "that you have got it bad here."

"Nein,', replied Hans, supposing that he alluded to sawdust wanted; "I don't have got 'em now already. I goost puts out mine sign so getch 'em ven dey gome dis vey, all de vile!"

"You want to catch it?" said the customer in amusement.

"Yaw, that's what's the madder. I vants whole loads of 'em. Goot tings to have mit der house. I panks him up mit dee cellar unt cellar, und springles der floor mit my salloon all over mit him. I gleans out der house mit him boolly, mind I tell you."

"You're right," said the stranger. "If small pox wont clean out a house, I don't know what will."

"Schmall box," exclaimed the astonished Dutchman; "vat you mean by schmall box, hey?"

Explanation of course ensued, and the wrath of that beer jerker and lunch-setter was fearful to behold. Could he have fastened his embrace upon that painter at the time, he would have "died and made no sign" more.

### Pay your Pastor.

PAY your pastor what you have promised. If it be sufficient for his temporal support, his mind will be free from worldly cares, and he may give himself up to the work of his ministry with a cheerful, contented, and happy heart. He will respect and love you for your liberality, and labor the more earnestly for your spiritual good. He will not be easily drawn away to another field—at least he will not be ever seeking a change. Able to educate his children, to supply his library with the best books of the day, happy in the midst of home comforts, and able to lay up a little for the time when he must be laid aside, he has nothing to do but to study and labor for your good and the Master's glory.

If the salary be inadequate, it is all you promised, and perhaps all you are able to give. He knew it when he accepted your call. If he be a man of earnest devotion to the work, willing to make sacrifices of personal comfort for the sake of preaching Christ, he may reduce his expenses to his income, and still be happy and useful. You ought to appreciate his labor of love and pay him by all means, to the day and the dollar. You may be too poor to give him more, but you cannot

# The Columbian
—AND—
# Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 5, 1869

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.


### DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

In obedience to the desire of a majority thereof, the Democratic State Committee are requested to meet at Bolton's Hotel, Harrisburg, on Tuesday, the 30th day of March, 1869, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., to fix time of holding the Democratic State Convention.

WM. A. WALLACE, Chairman.

it. DAVID CALDWELL, Sec'ty.

### COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic voters of the several Districts in Columbia county are requested to meet at the usual place of holding the general, special, and township elections, on Saturday the 13th day of March 1869 between the hours of three o'clock in the afternoon, and seven o'clock in the afternoon of that day, and elect by ballot two persons to represent the District in a county Convention to be held at the Court House in Bloomsburg on Monday, March 15 at 12 o'clock, noon; to select two Senatorial Conferees and two Representative Conferees to meet similar Conferees, from the other counties of the District to agree upon a Senatorial Delegate and a Representative Delegate to represent the County in a State Convention, to nominate a State ticket.

JOHN A. FUNSTON, Chairman.

### A Bargain for Printers.

By the recent purchase of a Gordon Press and of the COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT printing office, we have acquired an unnecessary number of Presses and material. We therefore offer to sell one Washington Press—size No.4—in complete running order; one Washington Press Foolscap size—almost entirely new; together with a quantity of bourgeios, nonpareil, wood, metal and display type, imposing stones, cases, rules, and all the material necessary to start a first-class country printing office. If the material cannot be sold in bulk, it will be disposed of in lots. Terms cash. Address the editor by letter or in person. 3t.

### A Word of Caution.

We observe that many of our Democratic cotemporaries are advocating the claims of their favorite candidates for Governor and Judge of the Supreme Court, with more zeal than prudence. By the time the Convention is held they will have made up their minds that certain defeat awaits us if any other candidate than their own is chosen, or at least feel that injustice has been done if their efforts are not crowned with success.

We also disapprove of the plan of instructing delegates for certain candidates months before the Convention will meet. Our wisest, ablest men should be chosen as Delegates, and after a full comparison of views, they should nominate the *strongest* man without any reference to his claims on the party. The party claims support from *all* its members, and no one or two have the right to stand in the way of success for the mere idea of rewarding past fealty.—*We want success*, and desire to nominate any good man who can achieve it. If any of the candidates named have the necessary strength they should be nominated; if not, and we can win with an entirely new man, let us take him up.

Our defeats in 1860-68 in the Presidential contest—and in 1866 in the Gubernatorial one, were owing to the fact that the majority of the Delegates were instructed, and however much they may have desired to nominate other men, their hands were tied by the action of nominating Conventions. Do not attempt to forestall events. The Convention will not meet for months hence, and many things may occur to render necessary the choice of a man now entirely unthought of in connection with that office.

### "Let us have Peace."

The war, so far as it concerned the State, with regard to expenses, ceased in 1862, and wholly in 1865, but the Radical leaders still hold on, at Harrisburg, and last year, as appears by the report of the Auditor General for 1868, the amount paid for military expenses was $120,000.00.

We still have an Adjutant General, acting as Paymaster General, with a salary of $3,000 per annum. His official duties being to organize and pay his army of Clerks, Messengers and other loafers, for their services in voting the Radical ticket. This army alone, cost $24,063.73.

There has all along been great need of a competent Senator or Member on the Democratic side, to expose Radical plundering at Harrisburg, and drive these lazy rascals away. Why is it not done?

### In Memoriam.

Whereas, It has pleased an allwise and merciful God to remove from our midst our worthy Vice-Grand, Elisha Albertson, in the midst of his usefulness. Therefore,

*Resolved*, That we bow in submission to this unexpected and sudden bereavment, knowing that God doeth all things well.

*Resolved*, That the Lodge feel deeply the loss of a faithful and efficient officer, a kind and loving Brother and a valued friend.

*Resolved*, That we deeply sympathize with the bereaved family of our brother, and mingle with theirs our tears, uphold them with our affection, and recommend them to Him who alone can dry the mourner's tears.

*Resolved*, That a copy of these Resolutions be sent to the family, and also one to each of the county papers for publication.

P. D. BLACK,
JAS. L. PRESTON,
ROBERT PURSEL,
SYL. ALBERTSON,
FRANK DERR,
THOMAS REECE,
C. S. HARDER,
J. W. FORTNER,
H. P. WHITEMAN,
Committee on Resolutions of Wyoming Lodge No. 2, A. O. of Good-Fellows.

Rohrsburg, Feb. 27, 1869.

COUNTERFEITS.—The country is flooded with counterfeit money. Ten, twenty-five, and fifty cent shinplasters do largely abound, while the counterfeit bills of the denomination of one dollar and upward are detected every day. A large addition of $10 and $20 notes of this sort has just been added to the finance of the country, and our readers will do well to examine bills of those denominations, dated 1862, pretty closely.

### Communicated.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

### HOME.

"Mid pleasures and palaces tho' we may roam,
Be it ever so humble, there's no place like home."

HOME! What a world of interest and happiness is crowded into that word! How the bosom swells with deepest feeling and profoundest emotion at its very mention. What hallowed memories and soul-inspiring associations cluster around that sacred shrine, our childhoods happy home. Ever do our minds live in busy thoughts over the scenes and remembrances of this sanctuary of our heart's purest and holiest affections. Its cheerful spirits, sunny faces, and revered forms, whatever changes time may have wrought since our severance from the old homestead, are all vividly before us, and we again seem to be living over the halcyon days of the eventful past. We can never, no, never forget that happy family group, composed of father, mother, brothers and sisters, of which in other years we formed a member. Although long years have passed since we were wont to gather around that familiar hearth-stone, yet the whole scene in all its interest and naturalness, is indelibly imprinted on our minds. 'Tis mournfully true that some of the members of that household perchance that devoted father, or pious mother, or brother, or sister, have gone down to the land of shadows and of death, but still there is a sanctity and sacredness lingering around that precious spot of earth that will ever endear it to our hearts. And why should it not be so? It's where we were born! There we spent the days of our childhood; and there for the first time, around that family altar, celestial influences operated upon our hearts, and sought to win them to the skies. With such holy and hallowing memories attaching to that sacred place, why should we not love and venerate it? Why should not mellowing and soul-touching influences play around our hearts, when

"Fond memory brings the light
Of other days around us."

Even the old man, who has long had a home of his own, sheds the briny tear as he talks about the home and associations of his own childhood. The fountain of tears is unsealed every time that in memory he revisits those familiar scenes. Heaven intended that home should be a cherished spot, and man would be untrue to all the higher and nobler instincts of his being if it were not so. The love for home and kindred is the last passion that grows cold in the human breast. Even the savage, dead to sympathy in his heart for the white man, cherishes an almost idolatrous reverence for his hunting ground, and graves of his forefathers. This sacred principle of veneration for home and its cherished objects, runs all through the lower and higher grades of humanity. It obtains as much in the humble cottage of the poor and unlettered, as in the splendid mansions of the opulent and the great. The sentiment is universally received, that "There's no place like home." How sweet and beautiful are the touches of an anonymous bard upon this subject,

"I've wandered on through many a clime where flowers of beauty grew,
Where all was blissful to the heart and lovely to the view;
I've seen them in their twilight pride, and in their dress of morn,
But none appeared so sweet to me as the spot where I was born."

S. J. W.

### Bloomsburg State Normal School.

A COMMITTEE, consisting of Hon. J. P. Wickersham, State Superintendent, Dr. W. Worthington, Speaker of the Senate, Senators J. C. Brown and G. D. Jackson, Hon. H. M. Hoyt, of Wilkes-Barre, and several County Superintendents made a careful examination of the school and all its appointments, at Bloomsburg, on Friday, Feb. 19th, and reported to the Trustees and the large and intelligent audience that met in the fine hall of the Institution to hear the report, that they not only accepted the schools and property as fully meeting the requirements, but did so with pride; that the buildings were the best Normal school buildings in the State, and did great credit to the citizens of Blooms burg and the surrounding country; and are a monument of the wisdom, skill, and perseverance of the architect, builder, and Principal of the schools, Prof. Henry Carver. Bloomsburg may well honor the man, and ever feel that she owes a debt of gratitude to the founder of such a school. Few men could have seen the material in so small a town, or seeing it, would ever have been able to make it available in so short a time for the accomplishment of such a work. It is to be hoped that the young men and women who shall avail themselves of the advantages of the Normal Schools of the Sixth District may imbibe its spirit and diffuse it throughout the district.—*Scranton Republican.*

HON. CHARLES R. BUCKALEW.—The retirement of the Hon. Charles R. Buckalew from the United States Senate is the cause of general regret. While he has occupied a seat in that body he has not only been faithful to Constitutional liberty, but esteemed for his ability and integrity. He is looked upon as one of the very ablest debaters in the Senate, and when he speaks on any subject, he is sure to be listened to attentively. His clear, logical mind, and excellent reasoning illuminates any subject he takes hold of. He is the author of several valuable measures—among them is the cumulative system of voting, which will be adopted sooner or later. He enjoys the confidence of all his brother Senators, of whatever party, no less for his ability than the purity of his private character and his modesty of deportment. Pennsylvania has never been represented in the Senate with more dignity, and we doubt, if with more ability; and we have never had a Senator who was more respected by his peers. The absence of such a man from a legislative body is not only a loss to the State and people he represents, but to the whole country.—*Doylestown Democrat.*

### Powder Mill Explosion.

WAPWALOPEN, Pa. Mar. 2, 1869,

CAPT. C. B. BROCKWAY,

A most horrible accident occurred here this morning; the Dupont Powder Mills blew up about 8 o'clock, with about 2,300 pounds of powder in the Press Mill. Two men named Wesley Wildreck and Moses Eckrote were instantly killed. Both legs of the latter were blown off, one being found thirty feet from the body. Eckrote leaves a wife and two small children. She became distracted on witnessing the sight, and tried to injure herself, so that it required several men to hold her.

The scene was a horrible one, and I never wish to witness another like it.

M.

### The Temperance Convention.

The State Temperance Convention which assembled at Harrisburg on Tuesday was composed of 151 delegates male and female—representing twenty-nine counties. The permanent officers were—

President—Hon. S. B. Chase, of Susquehanna.

Vice Presidents—Jacob M. Barr, of Dauphin; John Gilmore, of Franklin; Rev. W. C. Best, of Philadelphia.

Secretaries—O. J. Search, of Philadelphia; E. H. Rauch, of Lancaster; L. E. Wright, of Lancaster.

Treasurer—L. F. Kauffman, of Schuylkill.

The point of interest in the proceedings was the effort to commit the Convention to the policy of a separate political action by temperance men. This effort resulted in the adoption of the following:

Whereas, In a number of districts of the State friends of prohibition have been chosen members of the Senate and House of Representatives, and under the system of "local legislation" wholesome and prohibitory laws for certain townships and boroughs have been secured, sustained by public opinion and successfully enforced,

And Whereas, In a number of other districts the people are now earnestly petitioning the Legislature for similar enactments, and in view of the fact that the people of the State at large are not yet sufficiently educated in sound temperance principles to warrant the formation of a separate political temperance party, which, in the judgment of this Convention, would only arouse and intensify public prejudice against us, and not only fail to produce any good results but seriously endanger the existing prohibitory local laws referred to, and also defeat all further efforts now being made to secure similar benefits and blessings in other districts throughout the State, it is

*Resolved*, That local prohibition, wherever it is possible to secure and enforce it, is the true course for the friends of temperance to pursue at this most important period of the temperance movement.

*Resolved*, That we recommend the passage of a well-digested general law by the present Legislature, submitting the subject of the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of all kinds of alcoholic preparations to the voters of each election district in this Commonwealth; and that if a majority of the legal voters of such district shall vote in favor of such prohibition, no license shall be issued by any court for such district, until such vote shall be reversed at a subsequent election; and this Convention hereby authorizes and instructs its Business Committee to prepare and present to the Legislature the draft of such a law, and with power to call this convention together to consider the result when in their judgment it may be necessary to do so to further the objects in view.

This was the most important business done.

### Pennsylvania Legislature.

February 25, 1869.

Mr. Jackson read an act authorizing the borough of Laporte, in the county of Sullivan, to levy a tax of twelve mills on the dollar of valuation for borough purposes.

Thursday afternoon the Senate met for the purpose of considering Senate bill No. 51, an act to revise, amend and consolidate existing laws for the assessment and collection of State taxes and county and township rates and levies.

Passed finally.

The orders being called, the House took up the public calendar:

Bill No. 151, an act to secure the people of this Commonwealth against fraud in the sale of patent rights was under consideration when the House adjourned this morning. After some amendments the bill was passed finally.

Mr. Scott, on leave, read in place an act to authorize the erection of a poor house in the township of Bloom, county of Columbia.

On motion of Mr. Scott, the rules were suspended, the bill was read the second and third time, and passed.

Several gentlemen asked leave to offer bills, but the orders being insisted upon, the House proceeded to consider the bills upon the public calendar.

No. 123, an act relating to interest, and allowing parties to contract for the payment thereof.

An amendment changing the legal rate from ten per cent. (as the bill provides) to eight, was amended to seven, and the question recurring on the amendment as amended, a motion was made to recommit the bill to the General Judiciary Committee, which was agreed to.

The Senate considered the following bills on the public calendar:

Senate bill No. 122, an act to prevent and punish the publication of obscene advertisements and the sale of noxious medicines. Passed finally.

Senate bill No. 123, a further supplement to an act to regulate arbitration and proceedings in courts of justice, approved the 21st day of March, 1806 making two verdicts and judgments on the same title final and conclusive. Passed finally.

Senate bill No. 124, a further supplement to an act to enable joint tenants in common and adjoining owners of mineral lands in this Commonwealth to manage and develop the same, approved the 23d day April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, and its several supplements. Passed finally.

Senate bill No. 200, an act for the more convenient dispatch of the public business in the courts of this Commonwealth. Passed finally.

February. 26.

Mr. Jackson, read an act to exempt the mortgage and bonds of the Bloomsburg Literary Institute issued for the purpose of exempting State normal school buildings from taxation.

PHILADELPHIA POLICE BILL.

The Senate then considered Senate bill No. 385, entitled An act to improve the efficacy of the police force of the city of Philadelphia, providing for the election of the police commissioners and the appointment of police officers.

Mr. Henszy defended the bill, and Messrs. M'Candless, Fisher and Lowry opposed the passage of the same.

On the question, Will the Senate agree to the first section of the bill?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Wallace and Mr. Connell, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Billingfelt, Brown (Mercer), Coleman, Connell, Graham, Henszey, Kerr, Olmsted, Stinson, White and Worthington, *Speaker*.—11.

NAYS—Messrs. Beck, Brown (Northampton), Burnett, Davis, Duncan, Fisher, Jackson, Linderman, Lowry, M'Candless, M'Intire, Miller, Nagle, Osterhout, Randall, Robison, Stutzman, Taylor, Turner and Wallace—20.

So the question was determined in the negative.

The Senate then adjourned until 7 o'clock on Monday, the 8th day of March, in order to permit members of the Legislature to attend Grant's Inauguration.

By Mr. JACKSON:

No. 425 (House No. 196), an act to authorize the appointment of auctioneers in the borough of Danville, Montour county.

Passed finally.

Mr. SCOTT, a bill entitled An act to authorize the Supervisors of Briar Creek township, Columbia county, to levy and collect a tax to reimburse J. C. Smith and John Kisner money expended by them for bounty purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Military.

Mr. SCOTT, a bill entitled An act creating an additional election district in Conyngham township, Columbir county.

Referred to the Committee on Election Districts.

Also, a bill entitled An act repealing certain acts relating to the road laws of Conyngham township, Columbia county.

Referred to the Committee on Roads, Bridges and Ferries.

### Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.

GRANT AND HIS CABINET.

Following the interview of Moorhead, Dickey, and Pettis, with Grant, yesterday in relation to a Cabinet position for Pennsylvania, in the new administration, comes another meeting to-day, between Grant and Alexander McClure, who called at "Headquarters" this morning to inquire if he (Grant,) in stating yesterday that a citizen of Pennsylvania should have a seat in the Cabinet, referred to ex-Governor A. G. Curtin. General Grant replied that he did not. Well, said McClure, I trust you will appoint some man thoroughly and prominently identified with the Republican party, and not such men as Borie, Welsh, Smith or Stuart; that they would bring no strength to the party in the State, and that some government support was absolutely necessary, otherwise the Democracy would carry the State next fall. To this Grant replied that he could not see what objection any *loyal* man could have to George H. Stuart. Mr. McClure said he had none, but he had known the politics and politicians of Pennsylvania for twenty years, and if Stuart were appointed, he should have to ask him (Grant) for an introduction to him. After some further conversation, Grant said that "although elected by a political party, he was not the representative of a political party." Whereupon McClure withdrew, remarking that at previous interviews he had mistaken Grant's status, and now he was glad to find it out. The Radical members of the Pennsylvania delegation are in "high dudgeon" over the story as told by McClure around the Capitol this afternoon and all sorts of maledictions are uttered against the loyal Ulysses, for daring to assert that he had a will of his own, and was "not the representative of a political party."

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The House this afternoon adopted the report of the Conference Committee on the Constitutional amendment establishing negro suffrage in all the States. It is said that the words "hold office" are stricken out, but that makes no difference. If Congress can declare negroes entitled to exercise the privilege of suffrage in States, it can, with equal propriety, declare them entitled to hold office. The Senate will, no doubt, concur in the action of the House, and thus the amendment will be submitted to the States.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

There was a Democratic caucus held at the Capitol this morning, when it was agreed to hold the regular caucus, to select candidates for Speaker of the House, Clerk, &c., on Tuesday evening next, in the rooms of the Judiciary Committee of the House. The occasion led to a general interchange of views in regard to what would be the wisest course of the Democratic party in the future. It is understood that the determination arrived at was, that while they would make no factious opposition to General Grant's administration, they would continue in the future, as in the past, firmly to maintain their principles and keep intact their organization.

U. S. COMMISSIONERS ABROAD.

The Conference Committee on the Diplomatic appropriation bill has decided to report in favor of the appointment of a United States Commissioner, at a salary of $3,000 per annum, for Honduras, San Salvador, Nicaraugua, and Costa Rica, in Central America. Also for missions to Ecuador, Bolivia, Peru, and Uruguay, the salary not to exceed $3,000. The salary of the Minister to Chile not disturbed.

REMOVAL OF THE REMAINS OF WIRZ.

The President to-day gave an order to Louis Schade, Esq., for the removal of the remains of Wirz, executed by order of the Military Commission, composed of Yankee officers, in this city, in the summer of 1865. The remains were interred at the arsenal grounds, and will probably be removed to the residence of his widow in Kentucky.

THE COPPER TARIFF.

The bill increasing the rates of duty on imported copper is now a law, having passed the Senate to-day over the veto, by 38 to 12. It passed the House yesterday by the necessary two-thirds vote.

WASHINGTON Feb. 27.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

Mr. Dawes having written a letter to Mr. Blaine declining to be a candidate for the Speakership against him (B.), the latter is now the most formidable candidate, and it seems that, by common consent, he will be the nominee of the Republican party. The Democrats have not yet determined whom they will vote for, but the probabilities are that either Hon. James Brooks, of New York; Judge Woodward, of Pennsylvania; Mr. Eldridge, of Wisconsin, or Mr. Kerr, of Indiana, will be the man.

ROLL OF THE NEXT HOUSE.

An evening paper states that Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House, has made up a roll of the Representatives elect thus far to the Forty-first Congress. After excluding the members from Louisiana and Georgia, and several whose seats are contested, the number foots up 137 Radicals and 62 Democrats. The latter have 71 members already elected, but, of course, a number of them will be counted out, either by the Clerk or the House.

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONERSHIP.

Hon. Columbus Delano had a long interview with Commissioner Rollins to-day, and that fact, in connection with the mention of Mr. Delano's name in connection with the Internal Revenue Bureau, evoked considerable interest.

GEORGIA.

Boutwell had a resolution in his pocket yesterday from the so-called Reconstruction Committee, declaring the seats of the Georgia members vacant, and that State still unreconstructed, but according to an afternoon paper of this city Grant visited the cloak room of the House yesterday afternoon, sent for Boutwell, had a talk with him, and expressed opposition to his (Boutwell's) resolution, consequently it was not reported, and the Georgia members will not be turned out *this* Congress. Magnanimous Grant! Disappointed Boutwell!

A DISGRACEFUL SPECTACLE.

A most disgraceful spectacle was witnessed on the floor of the House yesterday afternoon in the debate on the Louisiana contested election case. A negro named Menard, a claimant for the seat, was allowed *to rise on the floor and address the House*, which he did for half an hour or more. When he had concluded, a low-bred white Radical member from Illinois, named Cullom, went over and congratulated him. The scene was disgusting in the extreme, and ought to consign those who brought it about to eternal disgrace and infamy.

WASHINGTON, March 1.

THAT PENN'A CABINET OFFICER.

The last rumor is that Jay Cooke is to be Pennsylvania's Cabinet officer; and probability is lent to it by the fact that after the fourth of March, Secretary McCulloch is going as a partner into Jay Cooke's banking-house. The intimacy of Jay Cooke and McCulloch has been so great while they have been occupying their present positions, that there will be no difficulty in each changing place with the other without detriment to the public service or the private property of either.

THE OLD CABINET.

It is understood that all the Cabinet officers, except General Schofield and Attorney-General Evarts, have officially tendered the resignation of their portfolios to President Johnson, and that they will be accepted to-morrow. In the meantime, their respective departments will be left in charge of officials next in rank as acting-secretaries. In case Secretary McCulloch retires before Wednesday, Assistant-Secretary Hartley, or General Jeffries, Register, will be detailed as Secretary *ad interim*. Judge Otto will be left in charge of the Interior; Assistant-Secretary Faxon, in charge of the Navy; General Skinner, in charge of the Post-office Department, and Hon. Wm. Hunter, in charge of the State Department.

WASHINGTON, March 2.

REPRESENTATIVE REFORM.

Senator Buckalew to-day made a report from the Select Committee on Representative Reform. The bill referred to them, and now reported, proposes to secure fair and complete representation to every important political interest in the country; to strike an effective blow at corruptions in popular elections; to secure more of harmony and contentment than now exist among the people, and to improve the composition of the popular branch of Congress by facilitating the introduction and continuance of men of ability and merit in that body.

NEGROES FOR MARSHALS.

It the published programme of the inaugural ceremonies, I notice the names of several genuine Africans for Assistant Marshals for the procession. This is a new feature, but not at all surprising, since a negro has been permitted to address the House of Representatives, and claim a seat therein. What can the *white* people of the country be thinking about? It is high time that some speedy disposition shsuld be made of these negroes and their *white* allies, otherwise there will be no room in the country for a man who believes in the supremacy of the white race.

GENERAL OF THE ARMIES.

It is stated that Grant will not resign his commission as General of the armies, as in his opinion, it expires upon his inauguration as President, and that he will on Friday next transmit to the Senate, the name of General W. T. Sherman to be General of the armies of the United States.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S FAREWELL RECEPTION.

Whatever may have been the motive that induced the attendance, it is certain that President Johnson's farewell reception to-night was the largest that he has held for a long while, not even excepting the New Year receptions. From the time the doors opened, at 8 P. M., until after midnight, the crowd poured through the halls and paid their respects to the Chief Magistrate of the nation, whose term is so soon to expire.

ARNOLD AND SPANGLER.

The pardon papers for Arnold and Spangler are in course of preparation at the Attorney-General's office, and may be signed to-night or to-morrow.

RADICAL CAUCUS.

The Radical caucus nominated Hon. James G. Blaine, of Maine, for Speaker; Edward M'Pherson, of Pennsylvania, for Clerk; G. N. Ordway, Sergeant-at-Arms, and Buxton, of New York, Doorkeeper. Without nominating a postmaster, the caucus adjourned. Ordway's renomination is generally regarded as an endorsement of the corrupt lobby which dictates it.

THE INAUGURAL.

Gen. Grant has finished his inaugural address. It covers six pages of letter paper, and is estimated to be of about the same length as that of Mr. Lincoln in 1865. Nothing definite concerning its tenor has transpired, except that it will urge the ratification of the Constitutional Suffrage Amendment and the payment of the public debt in coin.

PERSONAL.

Secretary Seward and family will leave on Friday for Auburn, preparations to that end having been completed.

President Johnson will vacate the Executive mansion on Thursday morning.

Secretary Welles will retain his present residence till May.

Edgar Welles, Chief Clerk of the Navy Department, will resign to morrow.

It is understood that several chiefs of bureaus will tender thir resignations immediately on the formation of the new Cabinet.

READ the call for a County Convention in another column.

### Home News.

NASHVILLE, February 25.—Mr. Senter, Speaker of the Senate, was inaugurated Governor to-day, in place of Governor Brownlow, resigned, in presence of a convention of both branches. His address foreshadows no policy for the future.

RICHMOND, Va., February 25.—In the case of James Grant, on trial for killing H. Rives Pollard, several hundred citizens having been questioned, and only two found who had not formed opinions, the Sheriff was directed to summon citizens for the jury from Alexandria and Norfolk.

PORTLAND, March 1.—The Democrats carried Portland for the first time since 1860, electing William L. Putnam for Mayor. The vote stands, Putnam, 2207; Drummond, 2077. Last year the vote stood, Putnam, 2277; McHallam, 2437.

Grant had 1,342 majority in Portland in November last.

Kansas is the first State to ratify the constitutional amendment. It was passed by both Houses on Saturday. The vote in the Senate was unanimous. In the House the vote stood 54 to 67.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—The Legislature of Nevada yesterday ratified the Congressional amendment to the Constitution providing for universal suffrage.

### Foreign News.

COPENHAGEN, February 24.—General Raasloeff, Minister of War, and formerly Ambassador of Denmark at Washington, urges the sale of the Danish West Indies Islands to the United States.

HAVANA, February 24—Evening.—Accounts from Santiago de Cuba are unfavorable. The cholera does not abate, and the insurgents are plundering and destroying the plantations in the vicinity.

PARIS, March 1.—Lamartine, the eminent Poet and Historian, is dead.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.


NOTICE.

The public are hereby notified that on the 25th of Feb. the undersigned purchased at Constable's sale the following personal property of H. G. Ort, and that he has hired the same to said Ort:—One Gray Horse, One Bay Horse; one double set of Spring Harness, and one Brown Cow.

All persons are cautioned against interfering with or molesting the same.

Bloomsburg Mar. 5, '69-3t A. J. EMMETT.

E. J. THORNTON would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,

FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,

and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day, are always to be found in his establishment.

Mar. 5, '69-tf Main St. below Market.

B. D. Wilson & Co. | Thos. H. Morrow,
San Francisco, Cal. | A. L. Chamberlin, New York.

Our Lake and Mound Vineyard Wines and Brandies, so popular on the Pacific Coast, are pressed from as fine fruit as is produced in the world. We grow the grapes, run our own presses, and offer them as our own production. We invite orders from the trade under the full guarantee of the house of their absolute purity.

WILSON, MORROW & CHAMBERLIN,
Mar. 5, '69-1m. 45 Murray Street, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED—$10 A DAY.

TWO $10 MAPS FOR $4.

LLOYD'S

PATENT REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS

Of America and Europe, America and the United States of America.

Colored—in 4000 Counties.

THESE great Maps, now just completed, show every place of importance, all Railroads to date, and the latest alterations in the various European States. These Maps are needed in every School and family in the land—they occupy the space of one Map, and by means of the Reverser, either side can be thrown front, and any part brought level to the eye. County Rights and large discount given to good Agents.

Apply for Circulars, Terms, and send money for Sample Maps, to J. T. LLOYD,
March 5, '69-1m 23 Cortlandt Street, N. Y.

IMPORTANT

TO BUILDERS, HOUSEHOLDERS & TENANTS.

The undersigned would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he is prepared to execute

HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING

in all its branches.

PAPER HANGING

Carefully attended to.

Strict attention to business and good workmanship it is believed will merit a fair show of public patronage.

Shop on Catharine Street between Third and Fourth.

Mar. 5, '69-1y. WM. F. BODINE.

MUNRO'S TEN CENT NOVELS. Are the oldest, the best, and the most popular. They are all written by such standard writers as Captain Carleton, Captain Mayne Reid, L. Augustus Jones, Edward S. Ellis, &c., &c. As books for the young, they are unequaled by any works published; always pure in tone, lively, and full of adventure. Persons desiring those books will please order "MUNRO'S," and see that none others are given in their places.

The following are those already issued:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 | The Hunters Feast | 74 | Black Prophet |
| 2 | Trapper's Retreat | 75 | Old Norte, the Hunter |
| 3 | Patriot Highwayman | 76 | Tiger-Eye |
| 4 | Fugitives of the Mountains | 77 | Revolutionary Joe |
| | | 78 | Jack, Buffalo-Catcher |
| 5 | Track of Fire | 79 | Tom Turbin, a Trapper |
| 6 | Man-Eaters | 80 | Scout of the St. Lawrence |
| 7 | Chevalier Temple | | |
| 8 | Death Face | 81 | Leather Legs |
| 9 | Indian Slayer | 82 | Bloody Brook |
| 10 | Turtle-Catcher | 83 | Wolf-Slayer |
| 11 | Knife's Triumph | 84 | Long Body |
| 12 | Ocean Rovers | 85 | Cooney Bush |
| 13 | Tory Outwitted | 86 | Robin Hood and his Merry Men |
| 14 | Zeke Sternum | | |
| 15 | Scourge of the Seas | 87 | Spy of the Delaware |
| 16 | Captive Maiden | 88 | "Old Kit," Scout |
| 17 | Long-Legged Joe | 89 | Hank Wiggins, Esq |
| 18 | Wild Scout of the Mountains | 90 | Spider Legs |
| | | 91 | Old Trapper's Pride |
| 19 | Forest Savage | 92 | Marksman the Hunter |
| 20 | Rollicking Rangers | 93 | Grizzly Jake |
| 21 | Rattlesnake Dick | 94 | Spotted Dan |
| 22 | Ricketty Tom, the Rover | 95 | The Bloody Footprint or, the Adventures of a New York Newsboy |
| 23 | Imps of the Prairie | | |
| 24 | Robber's Terror | | |
| 25 | Joe, the "Sarpint" | 96 | Old Rube, the Trapper |
| 26 | Lightfoot, the Scout | 97 | Big-Mouthed Trapper. |
| 27 | Giant Spy of Bunker Hill | | |
| 28 | Scar Creek, the Wild Half-Breed | 98 | Panther Jake |
| | | 99 | Snake-Eye, or the Bandit Miller |
| 29 | Squint-Eyed Bob | | |
| 30 | Snaky Bloodgrass, | 100 | Old Nick of the Swamp. |
| 31 | Rolling Thunder; or the Rival War Chiefs | 101 | Gamecock of the Santee |
| 32 | Heavy Hatchet the Scout | 102 | Old Zeke |
| 33 | Sly Sam, the Quaker Spy | 103 | Dog-Face |
| | | 104 | Sharp Snout |
| 34 | Three Daring Trappers | 105 | Tuscaloosa Sam |
| | | 106 | Slim Jim |
| 35 | Fatal Marksman | 107 | Red Rattlesnake |
| 36 | Eagle-Eyed Zeke | 108 | Black Sampson |
| 37 | Big Rifle Nick | 109 | Ugly Ike |
| 38 | Bold Scalp-Hunter | 110 | Squatty Dick |
| 39 | Tory Spy | 111 | Hardskull, the Avenger |
| 40 | Prairie Jake | | |
| 41 | Wealth and Beauty | 112 | Turkey Foot |
| 42 | Fever of the Forest | 113 | Hawk-Eye, the Hunter |
| 43 | Giant of the Woods | | |
| 44 | Crazy Trapper | 114 | Madman of the Ocouto |
| 45 | Lion-Headed Hunter | | |
| 46 | Old Jim of the Woods | 115 | David Bunker |
| 47 | Mad Miller | 116 | Blazing Arrow |
| 48 | White-Headed Hunter | 117 | Hickory Jack |
| | | 118 | Twin Trappers |
| 49 | Big-Hearted Joe | 119 | Riding Tom |
| 50 | Giant of Long Island | 120 | Bloody Wolf |
| 51 | Silverheels, the Delaware | 121 | Long-Headed Mike |
| | | 122 | Thunder-Cloud |
| 52 | Black Bill, the Trapper | 123 | Harold of the Hills |
| | | 124 | Texas Joe |
| 53 | Red Men of the Woods | 125 | Creole Forger—By Capt. Mayne Reid |
| 54 | Grim Dick, the One-Eyed Robber | 126 | Red Star of the Seminoles |
| 55 | Indian Queen's Revenge | 127 | Bullet-Head |
| | | 128 | Hunter Zeb |
| 56 | Old Scout of the Cave | 129 | Scout of the Sciota |
| 57 | Big Snake, the Huron | 130 | Forest Hunters |
| 58 | Mexican Joe, the Snake Charmer | 131 | Mad Betsey |
| | | 132 | Indian Stratagem |
| 59 | Steady Hand, the Sharpshooting Hunter | 133 | Pale-Face Indian |
| | | 134 | White Savage |
| 60 | Cayuga Jack | 135 | Witch of the Swamps |
| 61 | Scarlet Warrior | 136 | Old Paul |
| 62 | Scout of Tippecanoe | 137 | Hunter's Secret |
| 63 | Schinderhannes | 138 | Rival Captains |
| 64 | Bride of Wolf Glen | 139 | Little Foot Trapper |
| 65 | Buffalo Jack, Trapper | 140 | Wild Ride |
| | | 141 | Roving Dick, Hunter |
| 66 | Scout of the Rio Grande | 142 | Fighting Nat |
| 67 | Barclay, Black woodsman | 143 | Hunter of the Black Hills |
| 68 | Clumsey Foot | | |
| 69 | Stranger's Grave | 144 | The Indian Spirit |
| 70 | Mad Nancy, the Russian Fortune-Teller | 145 | Iron-Handed Trapper |
| | | 146 | Hunters and Redskins |
| 71 | Long Rifle Hunter | | |
| 72 | Wooden-Legged Spy | | |
| 73 | Long Legs, the Squatter. | | |

These books are for sale by all newsdealers, and are sent, postpaid on receipt of price—Ten Cents each.

GEORGE MUNRO,
P. O. Box 5657. 118 William street, N.Y.
Mar. 5, '69-1m.


### List of Letters Remaining in the Post Office, March 1st, 1869.

Bright James
Burr Mary
Creamer John W.
Higgins Bryan
Herring John
Hise Elizabeth
Hammer A G
Hoffman Jesse
Haver Dr
Jones James
Knouse P
Kaylor D K
Keiter Miss Ella
Lavan Charles
Muir Wm (2 Foreign)
Mordan Ellis (2)
Monroe Emeline
Millard Jacob
Moyle William
Miller Sallie R
Muston Abraham
Morris Samuel
Nolton Samuel W
Parmer William
Parker Clement R
Prest Mary J
Roberts Mrs Jonathan (F)
Roush David H
Shuman Miss Zala
Seigfried Henry
Seeds William
Thomas Butler
Thomas John
Wolle E P
Walsh Patrick

J. B. PURSEL, P. M.,
Bloomsburg Pa.

### Bloomsburg Market Report.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat per bushel | $1 90 |
| Rye " | 1 35 |
| Corn " | 1 00 |
| Oats " | 70 |
| Flour per barrel | 12 00 |
| Cloverseed | 7 00 |
| Flaxseed | 2 00 |
| Timothy seed | 50 |
| Butter | 35 |
| Eggs | 12 |
| Tallow | 1 00 |
| Potatoes | 2 50 |
| Dried Apples | 4 |
| Pork | 12 |
| Hams | 25 |
| Sides and Shoulders | 20 |
| Lard per pound | 20 |
| Hay per ton | 16 00 |

LUMBER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hemlock Boards per thousand feet | $16 00 |
| Pine " " " (6 to 8 inch) | 18 00 |
| Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock) | 15 00 |
| Shingles, No. 1 per thousand | 8 00 |
| " 2 " " | 7 00 |
| Siding " " ft. | 18 00 |

IRON—

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 Scotch pig | $40 |
| No. 2 " " | $38 |
| Bloom | $34 |

### Light Street Markets.

Corrected weekly by Peter Ent, wholesale and retail dealer in grain, flour & feed and general merchandize.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat per bushel | $1 70 |
| Rye " " | 1 00 |
| Corn " " | 1 00 |
| Buck Wheat | 1 00 |
| Oats | 70 |
| Wheat Flour per 100 lbs | 5 00 |
| Buck Wheat Flour | 4 00 |
| Corn Chop, | 2 50 |
| Bran, | 1 50 |
| Butter per lb | 40 |
| Eggs per doz., | 24 |
| Potatoes pr bus | 90 |
| Dried Apples " | 2 00 |
| Flax Seed | 2 25 |
| Beef per 100 lbs | 9 00 |
| Pork " " | 14 00 |
| Lard " lb | 20 |
| Onions per bushel | 60 |

# The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MAR. 5, 1869.


PUBLIC SALES.—For the benefit of those having bills printed at this office, advertising them in our columns, we propose to keep a register of sales for the information of the public.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Isaac Hess, | Centre | March | 5, | Per. | Property. |
| John W. Miller, | " | " | 11, | " | " |
| Otterick's Est, | " | " | 16, | " | " |
| Moses Coffman, | Bloom | " | 6, | " | " |
| H. Stecker, | Hemlock | " | 8, | " | " |
| Perry Whitenight, | " | " | 20, | " | " |
| Jeremiah Hess, | Franklin | " | 9, | " | " |
| Isaac Zimmerman, | " | " | 18, | " | " |
| Jeremiah Hess, | Orange | " | 11, | " | " |
| Horace Hallock, | N Columbus | " | 16, | " | " |
| Jacob Reichard, | Buckhorn | " | 27, | " | " |
| ——— Rich, | Greenwood | " | 23, | " | " |
| Isaac Davis's Est. | Beaver | Apr. | 8, | Real Estate, | |
| Jesse, H. Hess's Est. | Mifflin | " | 10, | " | " |

THE Geary police in Schuylkill cost the county last year $18,504.17.

E. H. LITTLE has sold his lot on the corner of Centre and Fourth Streets, to S. Kuhn for $1500.

JOB PRINTED.—Constable's Notices for the Spring elections. Tickets will be neatly and cheaply printed at this office.

BROWER in the last week's *American* talks about the "LXIst Congress!" We don't think he will live long enough to see that.

THE *Republican* last week headed its editorial column "New Advertisements." We guess that is about the way it should be put.

NEW delaines, prints, corsets and hoop skirts, just received and for sale lower prices than ever, at C.C. Marr's. The very latest patterns which the market affords. Stop and see them by all means.

EMIGRATING.—We are informed that an unusually large number of our citizens have gone or are going West this spring. This week thirty-three in a body for Missouri, and from numerous sales taking place, we infer that many others will soon follow.

LARCENY.—Some of our towns-people too mean to subscribe for a paper themselves,—watch until our carrier deposits the COLUMBIAN at their neighbor's door, and then *steal it*. Some of them have been detected at it, and if we hear of the offence being repeated we will publish the offenders' names.

NOTWITHSTANDING the earnest pleading of Bradley, a large number of Republicans in this county are signing petitions to the Legislature against negro suffrage in Pennsylvania. In one township only two refused to sign the petition. Our cotemporary had better change its tactics, or it will be a "unit" on this question.

THE Philadelphia Police Bill, as will been by reference to the proceedings of the Legislature in another column, has been defeated by a handsome majority.

This has failed one of the most rascally projects ever attempted by a political party. We honor the opposition Senators, who, in the face of intimidation, bribery and party pressure dared to stand against a scheme to deprive the citizens of Philadelphia of the right of self government. There is some honor yet at Harrisburg.

WE notice in the last letter of the Bloomsburg correspondent of the *Berwick Gazette* a statement that one Joe Donahue recently convicted of the killing of James Dempsey, in Philadelphia, was a brother of Thomas Donahue recently tried and acquitted for the murder of Alexander W. Rea. This is not true. Donahue has no brother by the name of Joe nor one connected in any manner with infringement of the law. Our informant is Thomas Donahue himself, who was in town last week.

LAST week we received through the Post Office at this place, a copy of the COLUMBIAN, addressed "William Morgan," on which was written in pencil "Returned to the office." By this time all our postmasters should know that this is not a compliance with the law. They must *write*, giving the reason in the case, *or they are responsible*. We are we to know *why* the paper is returned, or from what office? It is absurd to expect us to look over 2500 names to find one. Read the law, P. M.'s.

BRUTAL.—On Saturday last, in passing along the street, we saw a kitten lying on the pavement quivering in the throes of death. On inquiring the cause we were told that a boy had caught it, and amused himself and the bystanders by catching hold of its tail and after swinging it around dashed it upon the pavement, or threw it into the gutter.

Any person who would thus torture a dumb animal is certainly far on the high-road of crime and will be apt to land in one of the lowest depths; and those who could be by countenancing it, are as guilty as the boy.

A FINE CHANCE.—During last summer and fall about fifty copies of the Clinton *Republican*. and sixty of the *Pilot & Union* came daily to this office. Two carriers were employed, and as it did not prove remunerative, the enterprise was abandoned. We should now suggest that some active, enterprising youth could make a snug little sum by getting the agency for one of the papers. The trains meet here, and he would receive both at the same time, and the distribution would not take over an hour. There is no reason that for a time at least, there will be active demand for the earliest papers. Everybody will want to know the new Administration and the Congress do and say.

A source of constant complaint has grown, that the boys are so bad at church or religious worship, as to be altogether unendurable. Our peace officers have had over on hand on such occasions, but the consequence is, ministers and congregations are constantly annoyed. Pictures and obscene sentences are carved on the benches; pools of tobacco juice foul the floor, and after meeting the walk is lined on both sides with a jeering crowd,—a gauntlet which each one runs, and have the blush brought to the cheeks by criticisms or obscene remarks.

*This evil can be, and should be stopped.* Different congregations should unite in posting these young "bloods" and if any one indicted. A few weeks in the county jail will have a wholesome effect, and cure a standing evil.

USE OF LEMONS.—When persons are feverish and thirsty beyond what is natural, indicated in some cases by a metallic taste in the mouth, especially after drinking water, or by a whitish appearance of the greater part of the tongue, one of the best "coolers," internal or external, is to take a lemon, cut off the top, sprinkle over it some fine loaf sugar, work it downward into the lemon with a spoon, and then suck it slowly squeezing the lemon and adding some sugar as the acidity increases from being brought up from the lower point. Invalids with feverishness may take two or three lemons a day in this manner, with a most marked benefit, manifested by a sense of coolness, comfort and invigoration. A lemon or two taken thus at tea time, as an entire substitute for the ordinary "supper" of summer, would give many a man a comfortable night's sleep, and an awakening of rest and invigoration, with an appetite for breakfast, to which they are strangers who will have their cup of tea or supper "relish" and "cake" and berries or peaches and cream.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

IMPROVEMENT.—We are pleased to chronicle the beginning of another much needed improvement in our town viz: the widening of Centre Street from Main to Third. The property on the corner of Main and Centre Sts. was purchased last fall by Robbins & Eyer, and recently they disposed of one-half of it, sixteen and a half feet, for $1,650, for the purpose of widening the street to that extent. On Wednesday morning last they broke ground for the erection of a building on the remaining portion of the lot. The value of the surrounding property will undoubtedly be greatly enhanced. The $1,650 were raised by voluntary subscriptions of our citizens.

ACCIDENT.—There was an explosion in Dr. Ayer's Laboratory, yesterday, which caused some excitement in the vicinity. Ayer's Pills are manufactured under an enormous pressure, in cylinders, like cannon, which sometimes prove too weak for the compressed forces, and burst with terrific violence. Fortunately the pieces do not fly far, so that no one has ever been hurt by them. The action is more like ice than powder; but it makes Pills which all the world acknowledge *are* Pills.—[Daily Journal, Lowell.

MR. WALKER, the Principal of "Millville Seminary," we are informed has resigned his lease of that school, and will take charge of one at Espy. Mr. Burgess has been long and favorably known to our citizens, and has superior merits as a teacher. Under his management we shall expect to see the school regain its lost popularity, and assume its proper position in our county as an institution for learning.

The locality is a pleasant and healthy one, the conveniences ample, and the people intelligent and hospitable.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.—This religious body will commence its sessions in Danville on Wednesday, March 10th, next. It is supposed that some 180 members will be present. These, with the influx of visitors who will visit the Conference as spectators, will fill our town pretty full of strangers. We understand that efforts are making by the Methodist brethren to accommodate all the members of the Conference at private houses. Whether they have succeeded in doing so we have not learned.—*Intelligencer.*

WE have received the March number of Capt. Mayne Reid's Magazine "Onward" and pronounce it decidedly the best yet issued. The table of contents is rich and varied. Both the illustrations and letter press deserve commendation as being superior to most American magazines. There has been a marked improvement in each number from the commencement, and it now takes high rank as a literary work. Published by Carleton, New York, at $3.50 per year.

WE have on our table the January number of Tilton's Journal of Horticulture and Floral Magazine. It is replete with interesting information for farmers as well as amateur gardeners. It is well printed on the best of paper, and presents a fine appearance. Published by Tilton & Co., Boston. Mass., at $3.00 per year. Two plants and a colored plate of the President Wilder Strawberry are given to every subscriber this year.

THE WORLD ALMANAC.—We have on hand and for sale, this very useful and valuable book for 1869. It contains the Acts of Congress, and important events of the past year, crops of the United States, officers of the Government, full and complete returns of the late election, and a thousand other items of use and interest. Price 20 cents.

CHEMBERLIN still offers some fine goods for the cold weather. He has had a heavy demand for his goods but manages to keep enough on hand to supply his customers. His friends never leave him, so well does he satisfy their desires in every particular. For comfortable, stylish and *cheap* clothing he is not excelled.

I. W. HARTMAN having now fully arranged his stock of goods and also replenished it with new, offers to farmers especially, great bargains in the line of checks, tickings, stripes, muslins, ginghams, table diapers (all very necessary this season of the year.) Butter, eggs, lard, meat, &c., taken in exchange.

RARE BARGAINS, can be obtained in Dry Goods, Groceries, and Furnishing Goods at Miller & Wolf's new store on Main Street near Iron. The latest and best styles are always to be found, as they keep up with the times.

A BILL was passed by the House of Representatives at Washington on Thursday abolishing one, three and five cent pieces, as well as ten cent treasury notes, on the first day of June next.

WE keep constantly on hand a first-class assortment of deeds, mortgages, leases, marriage certificates, notes of all kinds, summons, subpœnas, warrants, etc., etc. 4t.

A MAN named Howard, whilst working in Wolf & Barton's Planing Mill, yesterday, had the two middle fingers of his right hand cut off, near the first joint.

WE regret to learn that James Freeze, an estimable citizen of our place, has had a stroke of palsy, partially depriving him of the use of his limbs.

## THE KALEIDOSCOPE

"——A map of busy life,
—Its fluctuations and its vast concerns."

NO. XCVI.

WE are indebted for the "Kaleidoscope of this week, to a lady friend who was a graduate of a Medical college and for some years a highly successful practitioner of Medicine. We hope to present to our readers, during the current year, a number of entertaining essays and sketches over the same signature.

### MAN AND WOMAN VS. GENTLEMAN AND LADY.

IT has with some of the more substantial and thinking, come lately in vogue, to decry these latter epithets. It is readily admitted that these terms are often employed with much silliness, but at the same time, it may be as readily proved, that within certain limits they are not only harmless, but more proper than Man and Woman.

Whether or not this double naming is common to all languages, is not assumed; but for classic authority, reference is made to Greek and Latin. In the former, *anthropos* resolvable into three words which signify to turn aloft the countenance, would distinguish man from the brute; while *aner* is used to express that vigor, boldness and courage, which distinguish man from woman. The difference between *guna* and *thaleia* is not so apparent, though the latter seems to imply some of that softness and delicacy, peculiar to the sex. In Latin *homo* and *vir* are precisely parallel to *anthropos* and *aner*, the generic and *fœmina* to *vir*, the more specific. There is then classic precedent for the use of two terms.

Courage, honor, magnanimity constitute the man but to make the gentleman courtesy is an indispensable requisite. This comes of the refining influences of civilization. Savage tribes have furnished splendid specimens of the man, but then search were made in vain for the gentleman. Indeed the word explains itself; the attributes of a man in a *geutle* garb. Woman is the anologue of man; lady or gentleman. Purity, sensibility, tenderness and devotion, are the leading characteristics of the sex, for which the befitting appellation is woman. When to these are added the polish and grace of conventional life, the lady is unmistakably marked. Pocahontas was a true woman, but in the essential trifles of the lady, no one would think of comparing her with the unfortunate Mary, Queen of Scots:

So accustomed are we to seeing both sexes wear a fair exterior, natural or assumed, that in common parlance, we employ those which have reference more particularly to the exterior. When several meet, the salutations cannot be individual, but at once and mutually generalized by using the terms most specific, ladies and gentlemen—In such case the employment of the generic man and woman, would convict the offender of boorish barbarism.

It is acknowledged that the lack of the ennobling internal qualities, intellect and feeling, is often overlooked on a fine person, and polished manners; but this is equally true of both sexes. No more certainly does the French milliner make the fashionable lady, than the tailor and barber, *doubtless Parisian*, make the current gentleman. In the sterner sex, all that is really worthy, all that commands admiration, and retains respect, is expressed by the comprehensive word *man*.

Whatever is truly lovely, that by its very gentleness is omnipotent to soften the rudest, tame the fiercest, cheer the saddest, and sooth the most suffering, is expressed by its complement *woman*. From these as antiquated, impolite, vulgar, the falsely genteel shrink in their descriptions of the eminent, and substitute what is then really insignificant. This is, in effect, to rob greatness of its encomium. 'Twere just perhaps in speaking of Chesterfield, or D'Orsay to say he was a gentleman. Thought fixes on the courtly elegance of the former, or the fastidious etiquette of the latter. But the epithet applied to Washington, would "damn him with faint praise."

Having then classic authority, custom, and appropriateness, in the use of these obnoxious terms, let them be retained, but always with their distinctive significancy.

### Receipts of "THE COLUMBIAN" for February, 1869.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| A R Hartman | $ 2 00 | J S Hendershott | 4 00 |
| A J Beagle | 1 00 | Solomon Sterner | 2 00 |
| H G John | 2 00 | Daniel W Miller | 2 00 |
| E H Baldy | 2 00 | Jacob Gohs's Est | 3 50 |
| Joseph Billeg | 2 00 | J W & Wm Miller | 4 00 |
| Charles Billeg | 2 00 | H J Miller | 4 00 |
| Andrew Reighard | 2 00 | Benj Miller | 2 00 |
| Wm J Allen | 2 00 | James Boat | 2 00 |
| John Allen | 2 00 | Martha Long | 2 00 |
| Elijah Yocum | 2 00 | Geo Oman | 2 00 |
| Wm T Shuman | 5 00 | Banks etc | 63 |
| D C Gearhart | 2 00 | F L Shuman | 2 00 |
| Jacob H Fritz | 2 00 | Adam Fedderof | 4 00 |
| Jesse Fritz | 2 00 | Isaac Hess | 6 00 |
| H H Harman | 2 00 | Wm Bellas | 2 00 |
| Patrick Killeen | 2 00 | Nelson Kitchen | 2 00 |
| Jacob Long | | George Fedder | 2 00 |
| Blanks | 2 00 | Jeremiah Hess | 2 50 |
| Titus Hutchison | 2 00 | Benj Zimmerman | 2 50 |
| M L Hutchins | 2 00 | Dr F C Harrison | 1 50 |
| A G Yohe | 2 00 | John Keifer | 2 00 |
| J B Knittle | 6 00 | Aaron Nuss | 2 50 |
| D J Waller | 1 47 | J Reihsheimer &Bro | 7 00 |
| Rudolphus Yeager | 2 00 | Phineas Thomas | 2 00 |
| Artman, Dillinger &Co | 21 00 | C M Evans | 50 00 |
| Wm Rice | 2 85 | — Snyder | 2 00 |
| Silas Welliver | 2 00 | Columbia County | 80 00 |
| Daniel Zarr | 2 00 | J B Barr & Co | 5 00 |
| Margaret Brahany | 1 00 | Putnam & Sons | 3 00 |
| I K Kricksaum | 2 00 | Bell Ringers | 2 00 |
| Jacob Romboy | 1 00 | J G Freeze | 2 50 |
| Wm Ash | 2 00 | Joseph Whitmire | 2 50 |
| Abram Wohlfarth | 1 00 | Geo Moore | 2 00 |
| Col V E Piollett | 5 00 | P S Harman | 9 00 |
| Blanks | 1 00 | Lewis Roth | 1 00 |
| James Kealy | 2 00 | Wm B Gilmore | 7 85 |
| Wm Beck | 2 00 | Wm Sands | 2 00 |
| H J Reeder Esq | 2 00 | John P Shipe | 2 00 |
| Philip Hartman | 2 00 | Austin Long | 1 00 |
| J B Cornelison | 2 50 | — Hoofnagle | 50 |
| John F Fowler | 2 00 | A W Hartman | 20 00 |
| Reuben Shuman | 2 00 | Moses Coffman | 3 00 |
| R R Wintersteen | 2 00 | E R Ikeler | 3 00 |
| D A Watson | 4 15 | M M Hower | 2 00 |
| Joshua Savage | 25 | G W Armstrong | 2 00 |
| Paul Kline | 2 00 | John Crouse | 13 20 |
| Geo Heckman | 1 75 | Geo S Coleman | 3 00 |
| E Schweppenheiser | 2 35 | G E Vaughn | 3 75 |
| John Aten | 2 50 | Geo Kramer's Est | 2 50 |
| C J Ash | 1 44 | Peter Melick's Est | 8 00 |
| Thos Butler | 2 00 | I N Leidy | 5 00 |
| Christian Wolf | 2 00 | David Winner | 1 00 |
| Wm Wagner | 2 00 | John Reader | 2 50 |
| Henry C Hess | 3 68 | Isaac Zimmerman | 2 50 |
| John Kile | 20 | Mrs S J Sheep | 2 00 |
| Grant F Rohrbach | 2 00 | Jacob Mode | 13 25 |
| Benj Lindermuth | 1 00 | Henry Bellas | 2 00 |
| Blanks | 72 | H W Creasy's Est | 2 50 |
| Martin Ernst | 2 50 | John D Hinkle | 1 00 |
| John D Hinkle | 1 00 | Weaver&spranker | 20 50 |
| High Wisner | 2 00 | Moses Y Wright | 2 00 |
| Wm Hill | 2 00 | E R Ikeler | 14 00 |
| Saml Craig | 2 00 | Wm Baltimire | 50 |
| Silas Benjamin | 3 00 | D B Whitmire | 40 |
| J M Girton | 2 00 | C B White | 2 00 |
| H J Edwards | 2 00 | Henry Barnd | 2 00 |
| W A Kile | 2 00 | John Thomas | 2 00 |
| John Vanliew | 2 00 | John Kehoe | 2 00 |
| Saml Farnsworth | 2 00 | J B Kitchen | 2 00 |
| E A Kelchner | 2 00 | C W McKelvy | 5 00 |
| Peter Fisher | 2 00 | H H Brown | 1 00 |
| J C Knittle | 2 00 | John H Kleckner | 1 00 |
| Geo Manbardt | 1 00 | I B Rupert | 4 00 |
| S W Hartman | 2 00 | Wm Hunsinger | 2 00 |
| John Hinterliter | 2 00 | J H Steeker | 3 25 |
| Jacob Coonfer | 2 00 | J O Yeager & Co | 32 00 |
| W B Smith | 3 75 | Henry Carver | 15 00 |
| W B Robbins | 2 00 | Joseph Lauer | 1 50 |
| Jefferson Rees | 2 00 | J S Raup | 4 50 |
| Jacob Bauman's Est | 3 00 | John Nothstine | 2 00 |
| J R Pennington | 2 00 | Peter Karshner | 2 00 |
| David Achenbach | 2 00 | J L Wright | 3 00 |
| John B Shultz | 2 00 | R Oestmann | 3 00 |
| Geo P Rowell & Co | 9 12 | Danl Neyhard | 2 00 |
| W H Bates | 2 00 | Charles Conner | 2 00 |
| Lewis Eckroth | 2 00 | Jacob Drumheller | 2 00 |
| J A Gallagher | 3 00 | Isaac M Brobst | 2 00 |
| Wm Eckrote | 2 00 | | |

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCES OF THE COUNTY OF COLUMBIA, FROM JANUARY 1st 1868 TO JANUARY 1st 1869.

The Auditors elected to settle and adjust the public accounts of Columbia county, respectfully beg leave to report that they have examined the same from the first day of January A. D. 1868 to the first day of January A. D. 1869, and respectfully lay before the Hon. Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, of said county, the following statement and report, agreeably to the 22nd Section of the Act of General Assembly of this Commonwealth passed the fourth day of April A. D. 1834:

DR.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Jan. 8 | To amount outstanding for 1867 and previous year, | $ 6260 55 | |
| " " | " Cash received of John J. Stiles late Treasurer per Auditors report, | 3466 75 | |
| Feb. 12 | " Cash of F. Fleming for brick from C. House, | 1 00 | |
| Mar. 27 | " " Lewis Yetter for an estray sold by Jos. Bresch in Catawissa twp, | 9 70 | |
| Apr. 10 | " Cash of Geo. Evans of Briarcreek twp. for Keeping C. Suit | 50 08 | |
| May 28 | " Cash of John F. Fowler for bridge plank sold | 5 00 | |
| June 8 | " Amount of county tax assessed for 1868 | 28202 50 | |
| Aug. | " " Amount of county tax on Seated and Unseated land Returns | 729 87 | |
| " | " Amount on Road tax | 1772 05 | |
| " | " " School " | 1781 32 | |
| " | " " Poor " | 1569 32 | |
| " | " " Bounty" | 1094 35 | |
| Sept. 7 | " Cash of D. Savage for bridge lumber sold | 5,05 | |
| Oct. 2 | " Cash of L. Shicemaker for C. House lumber, | 1 80 | |
| " 16 | " Cash of Geo. Evans B Creek for keeping C. Suit | 125 00 | |
| " 22 | " Cash of J. R. Groul for Court House brick sold | 18 75 | |
| " 28 | " Cash of Geo. Reiswick for C. House lumber sold | 4 65 | |
| " 31 | " Cash of M.F.Eyerly C.House mortar sold | 2 00 | |
| Nov. 10 | " Cash of P. Unangst for " lumber for L. Church | 12 45 | |
| Dec. 11 | " Cash of Jno. Sterner 2 bus. lair from C. House. | 1 00 | |
| " " | " Cash of T. J. Morris old bridge plank | 1 50 | |
| " 19 | " Cash of J. C. Rutter for C. House lumber plank | 13 26 | |
| " " | " Cash of S. & U. S. land tax since Aug. last | 31 96 | |
| " " | " Cash paid assors for assessing dog tax for 1868 | 48 00 | |
| " " | " Cash of C. G. Barkley inst. on note $35 for 2 years | 4 20 | |
| " 28 | " E. Barnes for 1 bbl. lime and one bbl. calcine plaster from C. House | 21 80 | |
| " " | " Cash of Wm. Neal for C. House Mortar & " | 55 60 | |
| " 30 | " Cash of M. Millard Shiff. Jail expenses from G. Dowen | 6 60 | |
| " 31 | " Cash of C. H. Hower for 2,000 C. House brick | 7 30 | |
| " " | " Cash of J. H. Harman for lot of second hand lumber used in repairing the double Bridge below Bloom | 32 55 | |
| " | " Cash of Ten day ass't. for the year 1868 | 214 14 | |
| " | " Cash of outstanding balance | 77 48 | |
| " | " Cash of Sundry taxes | 880 01 | |
| | | 41346 91 | |

CR.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| By Amount outstanding and uncollected. | | 8291 90 | |
| " " | Exonerations allowed collectors | 898 11 | |
| " " | Comm'rs allowed collectors | 721 44 | |
| " " | Tax refunded to M. C. Keller collector Orange twp. 1864 | 1 27 | |
| " " | County orders redeemed | 29331 28 | |
| " " | Commission to Trea. on 924 496 02 at 4 per cent | 9?8 24 | |
| " " | Ballance due | 1692 67 | |
| | | 41346 91 | |

JACOB YOHE Jr. Treasurer of Columbia county in Acct. with Tax on dogs,

DR.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| To amount outstanding for 1867 and previous years | 373 46 | |
| " " Assessed for the year 1868 | 1303 50 | |
| | $1676 96 | |

CR.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amount outstanding and uncollected for 1868 and previous years | 849 97 | |
| " " Exonerations allowed collectors | 93 50 | |
| " " Commission allowed col'rs | 31 71 | |
| " " Sheep orders redeemed | 625 50 | |
| " " Cash paid assessors for assg. dog tax | 48 00 | |
| " " Treas. Com. on 625 50 | 31 28 | |
| | 1676 96 | |

Statement Showing the amount of county and dog Tax assessed for 1868, in each District in the county with the names of the collectors and the balance due from each.

| District | Collectors names | Co, Ass'ed | Co, due. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bloom | J. R. Furman | 4175 07 | 1552 56 |
| Benton | Samuel Appleman | 618 82 | 458 82 |
| B. Creek | John H. Smith | 1039 13 | 352 15 |
| Beaver | Allen Mann | 552 53 | 181 63 |
| Berwick Bor | James Jacoby | 983 86 | 72 16 |
| Catawissa | John V. Bodine | 1140 53 | 192 59 |
| Centre | H. D. Knorr | 1363 80 | 214 14 |
| Conyngham | D. T. M'Kienan | 1877 42 | 419 14 |
| Centralia Bor. | Pat. Killeen | 608 99 | 216 32 |
| Franklin | Jacob Knittle | 580 42 | 196 06 |
| F. Creek | Thos. J. Hutchison | 891 57 | 270 21 |
| Greenwood | Jacob S. Evans | 1166 93 | 304 24 |
| Hemlock | Isaac Leidy | 882 12 | 387 18 |
| Jackson | Michael Remly | 224 66 | 35 18 |
| Locust | Christian Small | 957 55 | 414 47 |
| Maine | D. B. Federoff | 941 99 | 304 24 |
| Madison | James Kisner | 939 55 | 264 87 |
| Montour | P. J. Heinbach | 886 08 | 152 14 |
| Mt. Pleasant | Thos. J. Welliver | 622 14 | 80 09 |
| Mifflin | P. J. Lantz | 985 91 | 250 96 |
| Orange | Reuben Bellas | 638 25 | 314 75 |
| Pine | Jacob Long | 266 29 | |
| R. Creek | N. Driesbach | 574 55 | 278 01 |
| Sugar Loaf | J. R. Fritz | 240 46 | 115 01 |
| Scott | J. Terwilliger | 1382 25 | 476 82 |
| | | $23416 64 | $7201 45 |
| Deduct 10 days assessment of 1868 | | 214 14 | |
| Tax assessed for 1868 | | $23202 50 | |

| District | Collectors names | Dog Ass'd | Dog due |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bloom | J. R. Furman | 85 00 | 29 91 |
| Benton | Samuel Appleman | 39 50 | 39 50 |
| B. Creek | John H. Smith | 61 50 | 31 50 |
| Beaver | Allen Mann | 63 00 | 37 50 |
| Berwick Bor | James Jacoby | 23 50 | 23 50 |
| Catawissa | John V. Bodine | 69 50 | 14 50 |
| Centre | H. D. Knorr | 64 50 | 24 50 |
| Conyngham | D. T. M'Kienan | 39 00 | 39 00 |
| Centralia Bor | Pat. Killeen | 9 50 | 9 50 |
| Franklin | Jacob Knittle | 39 50 | |
| F. Creek | Thos. J. Hutchison | 65 00 | 38 50 |
| Greenwood | Jacob S. Evans | 80 50 | 52 00 |
| Hemlock | Isaac Leidy | 49 50 | 19 50 |
| Jackson | Michael Remly | 34 00 | 9 00 |
| Locust | Christian Small | 116 50 | 80 50 |
| Maine | D. B. Federoff | 34 50 | 34 50 |
| Madison | James Kisner | 63 00 | 24 00 |
| Montour | P. J. Heinbach | 42 50 | 42 50 |
| Mt. Pleasant | Thos. J. Welliver | 45 00 | 35 00 |
| Mifflin | P. J. Lantz | 68 00 | 38 00 |
| Orange | Reuben Bellas | 45 50 | 29 50 |
| Pine | Jacob Long | 41 00 | |
| R. Creek | N. Driesbach | 26 50 | 26 50 |
| Sugar Loaf | J. R. Fritz | 51 50 | 21 50 |
| Scott | J. Terwiliger | 56 00 | 28 00 |
| | | 1300 50 | 606 91 |

The following is the amount of County and dog tax due for 1867 and previous yeras,

| | | Co due. | Dog due. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sugarloaf 1861 | John W. Kile | 116 16 | 24 00 |
| Fishingcreek 1863 | John Hunter | 3 58 | 9 50 |
| Madison 1864 | Jacob Beechtel | | 6 50 |
| Beaver 1866 | John Hinderlider | 57 36 | |
| Benton " | Samuel Appleman | 145 47 | 8 70 |
| Catawissa " | Wm. H. Reinbold | 14 46 | 5 36 |
| Conyngham 1866 | " " | 26 07 | |
| Hemlock " | Hugh A. Hartman | 35 45 | 29 50 |
| Madison " | Jacob Beechtel | 47 39 | 9 50 |
| Catawissa 1867 | P. G. Campbell | 315 78 | 34 50 |
| F. Creek " | Joseph Coleman | 40 12 | 11 00 |
| Hemlock " | Daniel Neyhart | 47 52 | 6 50 |
| | | $1012 97 | $144 06 |
| Due from 1868 | | 7204 45 | 606 91 |
| | | $8214 42 | $749 97 |

### EXPENDITURES.

AUDITORS' AND CLERK'S PAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| By amount paid auditors and Clerk | $56 00 |
| " " C. W. Miller auditing | |
| Prothonotary and Register's account | 15 00 |
| | $71 00 |

ASSESSOR'S PAY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bearingcreek | township | 15 25 |
| Jackson | " | 19 25 |
| Sugarloaf | " | 21 25 |
| Fishingcreek | " | 23 25 |
| Benton | " | 18 00 |
| Montour | " | 13 25 |
| Hemlock | " | 25 25 |
| Scott | " | 25 25 |
| Greenwood | " | 24 25 |
| Mt. Pleasant | " | 18 25 |
| Catawissa | " | 24 25 |
| Orange | " | 22 25 |
| Madison | " | 24 25 |
| Pine | " | 24 00 |
| Conyngham | " | 26 25 |
| Maine | " | 15 00 |
| Beaver | " | 18 75 |
| Bloom | " | 51 00 |
| Centralia | Bor. | 25 00 |
| Locust | twp. | 27 25 |
| Mifflin | " | 23 00 |
| Briarcreek | " | 22 25 |
| Berwick | Bor. | 15 00 |
| | | $549 50 |

BRIDGE CONTRACTS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amount bal paid Peter Swank on County line between Columbia and Montour | | 200 00 |
| By amt. paid Geo. W. West, superintending the work of the above bridge | | 25 00 |
| By amt. paid Wm. A. Kile, bridge in Sugarloaf | | 539 00 |
| By amt. paid Daniel M'Henry bridge in Fishingcreek | | 241 20 |
| | | $1005 20 |

BRIDGE REPAIRS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. paid L. A. German, for Lumber | | 79 69 |
| " " " Jonas Fahringer repairs | | |
| " " " Ester furnace bridge | | 292 80 |
| By amt. paid Philip Hartman plank lumber and repairs | | 350 84 |
| By amt. paid David Savage lumber iron, and labor | | 1273 77 |
| By amt. paid Wm. R. Demott for plank | | 45 20 |
| " " " Rudolph Shuman repair at Mainville | | 13 97 |
| By amt. paid J. W. Eck plank and repair at Briarcreek | | 12 00 |
| By amt. paid C.B. White plank for bridge | | 26 60 |
| " " " Sundry persons | | 61 82 |
| | | $2157 99 |

BLANK BOOKS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. paid for blank deed books for Recorder and Assess books tax duplicates and Sheep order books | | 187 50 |

COUNTY BUILDINGS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. paid for repairs in and about the Jail during the year | | 210 96 |

CLEANING COURT HOUSE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. paid Sundry persons for cleaning Court House during year | | 38 00 |

COMMISSIONERS ATTORNEY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. paid E. H. Little Attorney | | 75 00 |

COURT CRIER.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. paid Moses Coffman Crier for the year | | 67 50 |

CONSTABLE RETURNS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amount paid the several Constables during the year | | 230 10 |

COMMONWEALTH COSTS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amount paid Sundry persons | | 202 45 |

COMMISSIONERS AND CLERK.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. paid John F. Fowler | | 376 00 |
| " " " " for expenses in holding appeals in the county | | 24 00 |
| By amt. paid Montgomery Cole | | 324 00 |
| " " " " for expenses incurred in holding appeals through county | | 33 00 |
| By amt. paid David Yenger | | 262 00 |
| " " " " expenses holding appeals | | 15 00 |
| By amt. paid Wm. G. Quick | | 30 00 |
| " " " Wm. Krickbaum Clerk to Coms. | | 670 00 |
| | | $1714 00 |

COURT HOUSE EXTENSION.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. paid J. R. Groul for brick at kiln | | 1035 00 |
| " " " Sundry persons for casting and iron at vaults and for window weights | | 224 80 |
| By amt. paid Wolf & Barton for carpenter work and material furnished | | 1312 22 |
| By amt. paid Leidy & Fegly carpenter work | | 129 75 |
| By amt. paid for vault doors and windows and putting them in | | 573 10 |
| By amt. paid M. Wagner for Shickshinny stone | | 188 00 |
| By amt. paid M. Coffman for cellar and yard wall stone | | 286 00 |
| By amt. paid Geo. & John Beagle for flag stone | | 122 50 |
| By amt. paid Moyer & Samuels for dressing Shickshinny stone and sharpening picks | | 294 82 |
| By amt. paid Sundry persons for digging cellar and putting up cellar wall | | 478 66 |
| By amt. paid Sundry persons for putting up brick work, taking down gable end of old house &c | | 789 94 |
| By amt. paid Sundry persons for sand and watet and hauling brick sand and stone from depot | | 373 46 |
| By amt. paid Sundry persons plastering C. House making mortar &c | | 369 52 |
| By amt. paid Sundry persons for lumber nails and material for C. House | | 1249 70 |
| By amt. paid Sundry persons for labor about C. House, putting up wall at yard, hauling dirt &c | | 313 00 |
| By amt. paid Sundry persons for lime hair city lime and calcine plaster | | 251 08 |
| By amt. paid Moyer & Bros, and Hendershot for paints oil putty &c | | 186 81 |
| By amt. paid A. M. Rupert for four heaters | | 255 30 |
| " " " A. Terwilliger for painting C. House | | 158 92 |
| By amt. paid Jacob Metz for spouting C. House | | 60 90 |
| By amt. paid J. R. Groul on account of general superintendence of C. House extension | | 451 00 |
| | | $9103 28 |

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. paid M. M. Traugh, | | $123 00 |
| " " E. R. Ikeler, | | 10 00 |
| | | $133 00 |

ELECTION EXPENSES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. paid sundry persons, spring elections, | | $491 20 |
| " amt. paid general elections, | | 495 75 |
| " " Presidential election, | | 316 85 |
| | | $1216 80 |

FUEL.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid sundry persons for coal for Court House and jail. | | 109 08 |

FOX AND WILD CAT SCALPS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid sundry persons | | $108 00 |

INQUESTS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid Lewis Yetter on the body of A. Stoker of Catawissa, | | $10 62 |
| " amt. paid J. B. Harman, on body of E. McHenry, Fishingcreek, | | 10 62 |
| " amt. paid Lewis Yetter, on the body of Joseph Bray, Catawissa, | | 10 87 |
| " amt. paid James Kearly, on body of A. W. Rea, Centralia Borough, | | 10 12 |
| " amt. paid W. M. Hoagland, on body of Wm. Jones, Conyngham, | | 10 12 |
| | | $52 35 |

INSURANCE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid Lycoming Insurance Com. | | $39 36 |
| " " York " | | 114 00 |
| | | $153 36 |

INCIDENTAL EXPENSES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid Schuylkill county for boarding three prisoners, | | $33 75 |
| " amt. paid Shultz and Masteller for the arrest of Amandus Seybert, reward, | | 100 00 |
| " amt. paid James Kealy for transcripts in the Centralia police suits, | | 9 60 |
| " amt. paid sundry persons incidental expenses about house, | | 34 20 |
| " amt. paid W. F. Murphy & Sons for hoppples and hand cuffs for jail. | | 15 25 |
| | | $192 80 |

JURORS' WAGES AND MILEAGE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid juror's during the year 1868, | | $2672 63 |

JURY COMMISSIONERS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid Elisha Hayman, | | 18 52 |
| " " Thos. J. Welliver. | | 17 56 |
| | | $36 08 |

MEDICAL SERVICE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid Dr. J. C. Rutter, attendance on prisoners, | | $14 00 |

PROTHONATARY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid Jesse Coleman, Prothonat'y, | | $12 15 |

POSTAGE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid J. B. Fursell, P. M. | | $8 00 |

PRINTING.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " amt. paid W. H. Jacoby, printing, | | $102 00 |
| " " Poor House election law, | | 16? 50 |
| " amt. paid J. S. Sanders, printing, | | $102 00 |
| " " Poor House election law. | | 59 00 |
| " amt. paid P. John, printing, | | 1 25 |
| " " Poor House election law. | | 9 00 |

## Farmer's Department.

**Farm Labor.**

We have on several occasions directed our readers' attention to the great evil of American agriculture—too much land with too little labor. There is no greater mistake than that it does not pay to hire; yet we hear this remark continually by really sensible farmers. It does not pay so well where farmers have to board their hands. It is too much for the women, with the modern difficulty of getting female help. But farmers must be satisfied that it will first pay to have the men—then, that it will pay to build houses for them to live in.

We are always pleased to see our agricultural cotemporaries touch on this vital question. In the December No of that excellent paper, the American Agriculturalist, there is a very sensible editorial on the subject. In the course of its argument it says.

A thriving farmer, to whom we put the question—What kind of expenditure pays best in your operations? answered. "Labor." He had then in the field six men, and kept them constantly at work for nine months in the year. He had but sixty acres of land, yet the gross products were about fifteen thousand dollars a year. A single item in this year's crop was 6,000 bushels of seed potatoes. His rough farm was rapidly rounding into form under his plastic touch. Old stone walls had been removed, and the small fields opened into large ones. Rocks had been blasted and sunk, and the rough places made smooth. The wet places had been made dry by deep drains. He subsoiled, and guarded every crop against drought. He kept at work upon improvements, and made the crops pay for them. He said he regretted nothing so much as that he had not employed more help. This clear-headed farmer is unquestionably right. Nothing pays so well as labor, even at the present high prices. Almost all farm products have advanced more than labor in the last eight years.

Our own experience confirms this. We added to our property last spring a contiguous tract of about thirty-five acres of rather poor land, for which we had to buy about six hundred dollars' worth of manure. For this additional land we have employed regularly three extra hands. Whenever it has been too wet to work at other matters, the hands have been set to clearing ditches, digging sod from the swamp, or gathering old vegetable matter anywhere; and with some manure from the barn-yard lime, and salt, mixing the whole together. We keep a simple time-account against all the principal farm crops and occupations, and find this heap of compost has cost us about three hundred dollars. The immense heap is certainly worth much more than double this sum. We thus make a profit of one hundred per cent. on the men by this manure matter alone, besides having the men on hand in strong force to "put through" a job just at the very moment when it ought to be done. The profit on this alone is often so great, that it will almost pay to have the men at hand to do nothing; so that the six hundred dollars of manure is nearly clear gain.

**Lima Beans.**

ALL will agree that there is no bean grown at all to compare with the Lima, especially when eaten green, but even as a winter bean. Used in the winter it is different from all others from the fact that it is nearly equal in quality to what it is in its green state. But all may not know that it is the most difficult of beans to raise. Its principal enemy is a wet spring. It is of so large a size and infirm that when planted, if the weather is moist, it becomes soaked through and rots, sometimes even after it has sprouted. It not infrequently happens that two and even three plantings are necessary and the crop fails afterward. Sometimes a hot, dry August renders the vines barren; sometimes heavy rains just at the period of inflorescence will "do" for them.

The best mode to raise Lima beans successfully is to select a dry spot for the bed, plant the poles firmly, elevate the hills, and set the seed perpendicularly just under the surface, first greasing the seed with lard or butter. If the soil is rich and not too wet the chances are that a good crop will be the result.

But to insure a good crop as nearly as it can be done, plant the beans in a shallow box filled with the best soil about one inch each way, say about the middle or 20th of April, place the box in a hot bed, or in a sunny window of a constantly heated room of a house, and start the plants there. When the period arrives for transplanting—that is, when the period of probable frost is over—set them carefully out by the poles, taking as much earth with them, sufficiently moist to adhere, as possible, make a hole with a round-pointed stick of suitable size, and draw up the earth and press gently. Should a frost threaten, cover with old paper, straw or hay, the former being the best, as it is easier to manage, makes less dirt and can be saved for future occasions. A few clods will keep the paper covering in its place.

But this should be what might be called the early or first crop of Limas. The second crop should be planted in the usual way, and from the two it would rarely happen that enough for summer and winter use—in case the plot of ground is large enough—would not be secured.

A CLUB called the Lazy Society has been formed in East Bridgeport, Conn. It already numbers several hundred members. Two members have been discharged—one for striking a mosquito which lighted on his face, and another for gaping too quickly and opening his jaws too wide. A third member was censured for running down hill, but was left off on the plea that he was too lazy to hold up. The society is in perpetual session.

IRON.—The average cost per ton for the production of pig-iron, is $26. The selling price of pig-iron for the past year has ranged from $37 to $42 per ton. Our iron men have been realizing a profit ranging from eleven to sixteen dollars per ton—profits greater, perhaps than are derived from any other business in the country, the cotton lords of New England not excepted.—*Ex.*

FITTING HORSE COLLARS.—An exchange recommends wetting a new collar just before putting it on the first time, and then adjusting the hames to suit the neck and shoulders and setting the horse to work, so as to have the collar adjust itself to the proper shape.

## For The Young Folks.

*(Continued.)*

**Little Thumbling.**

THE father and mother led them into the thickest and darkest part of the forest; and as soon as they had done so, they gained a by-path, and left them there. Little Thumbling did not trouble himself much, for he believed he should easily find his way back by means of the bread which he had scattered wherever he had passed; but he was greatly surprised at not being able to find a single crumb. The birds had eaten it all up! Behold the poor children then, in a great distress, for the farther they wandered the deeper they plunged into the forest. Night came on, and a great wind arose, which terrified them horribly. They fancied they heard on every side nothing but wolves, hastening to devour them. They scarcely dared to speak or look behind them. It then began to rain so heavily that they were soon drenched to the skin; they slipped at every step, tumbling into the mud, out of which they scrambled in a filthy state, not knowing what to do with their hands. Little Thumbling climbed up a tree to try if he could see anything from the top of it. Having looked all about him, he saw a little light like that of a candle, but it was a long way on the other side of the forest. He came down again, and when he reached the ground he could see the light no longer. This distressed him greatly; but having walked on with his brothers for some time in the direction of the light, he saw it again on emerging from the wood. At length they reached the house where the light was, not without many alarms, for they often lost sight of it, and always when they descended into the valleys. They knocked loudly at the door, and a good woman came to open it. She asked them what they wanted. Little Thumbling told her they were poor children who had lost their way in the forest, and who begged a night's lodging for charity. The woman seeing they were all so pretty, began to weep, and said to them, "Alas! my poor children, whither have you come? Know that this is the dwelling of an Ogre who eats little boys!" "Alas, Madam!" replied Little Thumbling, who trembled from head to foot, as did all his brothers; "what shall we do?—It is certain that the wolves of the forest will not fail to devour us to-night, if you refuse to receive us under your roof, and that being the case, we had rather be eaten by the gentleman; perhaps he may have pity upon us, if you are kind enough to ask him." The Ogre's wife, who fancied she could contrive to hide them from her husband till the next morning, allowed them to come in, and led them where they could warm themselves by a good fire, for there was a whole sheep on the spit roasting for the Ogre's supper. Just as they were beginning to get warm, they heard two or three loud knocks at the door. It was the Ogre who had come home. His wife immediately made the children hide under the bed, and went to open the door. The Ogre first asked if his supper was ready and if she had drawn the wine, and with that he sat down to his meal. The mutton was all but raw, but he liked it all the better for that. He sniffed right and left saying that he smelt fresh meat. "It must be the calf I have just skinned that you smell," said his wife. "I smell fresh meat, I tell you once more," replied the Ogre, looking askance at his wife; "there is something here that I don't understand." In saying these words, he rose from the table and went straight to the bed—"Ah!" he exclaimed, "it is thus, then, thou wouldst deceive me, cursed woman! I know not what hinders me from eating thee also! It is well for thee that thou art an old beast! Here is some game, which comes in good time for me to entertain three Ogres of my acquaintance who are coming to see me in a day or two." He dragged them from under the bed one after the other. The poor children fell on their knees, begging mercy; but they had to deal with the most cruel of all the Ogres, and who, far from feeling pity for them, devoured them already with his eyes, and said to his wife they would be dainty bits, when he had made a good sauce for them. He went to fetch a great knife, and as he returned to the poor children, he whetted it on a long stone that he held in his left hand. He had already seized one, when his wife said to him, "What would you do at this hour of the night? will it not be time enough to-morrow?" "Hold thy peace," replied the Ogre, "they will be more tender." "But you have already so much meat," returned his wife; "Here is a calf, two sheep, and half a pig." "Thou art right," said the Ogre; "give them a good supper, that they may not fall away, and then put them to bed." The good woman was enchanted, and brought them plenty for supper, but they couldn't eat, they were so paralysed with fright. As for the Ogre, he seated himself to drink again, delighted to think he had such a treat in store for his friends. He drained a dozen goblets more than usual, which affected his head a little, and obliged him to go to bed.

The Ogre had seven daughters who were still in their infancy. These Ogresses had the most beautiful complexions, in consequence of their eating raw flesh like their father; but they had very small, round, grey eyes, hooked noses, and very large mouths, with long teeth, exceedingly sharp, and wide apart. They were not very vicious as yet; but they promised fairly to be so, for they already began to bite little children, in order to suck their blood. They had been sent to bed early, and were all seven in a large bed, having each a crown of gold on her head. In the same room was another bed of the same size. It was in this bed that the Ogre's wife put the seven little boys to sleep, after which she went to sleep with her husband.

Little Thumbling, who had remarked that the Ogre's daughters had golden crowns on their heads, and who feared that the Ogre might regret that he had not killed him and his brothers that evening, got up in the middle of the night, and, taking off his own nightcap and those of his brothers, went very softly and placed them on the heads of the Ogre's seven daughters, after having taken off their golden crowns, which he put on his brothers and himself, in order that the Ogre might mistake them for his daughters, and his daughters for the boys whose throats he longed to cut.

THE Grecian bend has reached California, but there it is called the Pacific slope.


## MISCELLANEOUS.

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS,
APPROVED JULY 25, 1868.

CASH CAPITAL, - $1,000,000.
PAID IN FULL.

BRANCH OFFICE:
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA,
Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

OFFICERS:
CLARENCE H. CLARK, President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice-President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company, National in its character, offers by reason of its Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable means of insuring life yet presented to the public.

The rates of premium being largely reduced, are made as favorable to the insurers as those of the best Mutual Companies, and avoid all the complications and uncertainties of Notice, Dividends, and the misunderstandings which the latter are so apt to cause the Policy-Holder.

Several new and attractive tables are now presented, which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public, such as the INCOME-PRODUCING POLICY AND RETURN PREMIUM POLICY. In the former, the policy-holder not only secures a life insurance, payable at death, but will receive, if living, after a period of a few years, an annual income equal to ten per cent. (10 per cent.) of the par of his policy. In the latter, the Company agrees to return to the assured the total amount of money he has paid, in addition to the amount of his policy.

The attention of persons contemplating insuring their lives or increasing the amount of insurance they already have, is called to the special advantages offered by the National Life Insurance Company.

Circulars, Pamphlets and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company, or to

E. CLARK & CO., Philadelphia,
General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.
JOEL E. BRADLEY, Bloomsburg Pa.,
Special Agent for Montour & Columbia Counties
Feb. 19,'68.-1yr.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS.

Messrs. LAZARUS & MORRIS,
OPTICIANS & OCULISTS
HARTFORD, CONN.,
Have, with a view to meet the increased demand for their
CELEBRATED
PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

Appointed
Miss A. D. WEBB,
STATIONER,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
As their sole Agent for this place. They have taken care to give all needful instructions, and have confidence in the ability of their agents to meet the requirements of all customers. An opportunity will be thus afforded to procure, at all times
SPECTACLES UNEQUALLED BY ANY FOR THEIR STRENGTHENING AND PRESERVING QUALITIES,
Too much cannot be said as to their SUPERIORITY over the ordinary glasses worn. There is *no glimmering, wavering of the sight, dizziness*, of other unpleasant sensation, but on the contrary, from the peculiar construction of the Lenses they are *soothing and pleasant*, causing a feeling of relief to the wearer, and PRODUCING A CLEAR and DISTINCT VISION, as in the *natural healthy sight*. They are the only Spectacles that
PRESERVE AS WELL AS ASSIST THE SIGHT!
And are the CHEAPEST because the BEST, always lasting MANY YEARS without change being necessary.

—:O:—

CAUTION.
Miss A. D. WEBB,
STATIONER,
*BLOOMSBURG PA.*,
Is the ONLY Agent appointed in this place.
☞ WE EMPLOY NO PEDDLERS.
Feb. 19,'68,-1y.

WE HAVE NO
TRAVELING AGENTS
Farmers and Dealers who send their orders *direct* to us, can avail themselves of the
LOWEST PRICES
And *save the Commission*. Early orders will be advantageous to buyers.
ALLEN & NEEDLES,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IMPROVED
SUPER—PHOSPHATE OF LIME,
AND THE
AMMONIATED FERTILIZER.

PERUVIAN GUANO.
We sell only No. 1—received direct from the Government.
FISH GUANO.
A splendid Manure packed in barrels.

We also offer for sale PURE LAND PLASTER, HYDRAULIC CEMENT and a full assortment of OILS and Candles. A DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.
ALLEN & NEEDLES,
42 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.
ESTABLISHED IN 1848.
For sale by THE BLOOMSBURG IRON CO.,
Feb. 19,'69-1y. BLOOMSBURG PA.

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Nos. 325 Market, and 322 Commerce Street,
Philadelphia.

1,000 MEN WANTED
$50 per week profit on $5 Capital. Something entirely new. Send for circular and Terms. No gift enterprise or humbug. Address J. Jarrell, 28 Cannon street, N. Y.
Feb. 26,'68-3m.

## DRY GOODS.

MILLER'S STORE.
FRESH ARRIVAL OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
The subscriber has just returned from the cities with another large and select assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
purchased in New York and Philadelphia at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where in Bloomsburg. His stock comprises
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles:
Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods,
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs,
AND NOTIONS GEN RALLY.
In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which he invites the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.
S. H. MILLER & SON.
Arcade Buildings, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
AT PETER ENT'S STORE,
IN LIGHT STREET,
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
THE subscriber has just received and has on hand at his old stand in Light Street, a large and select
ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE
purchased at the lowest figure, and which he determined to sell on as moderate terms as be procured elsewhere in Light Street,
*FOR CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.*
His stock consists of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
choicest styles and latest fashions,
Calicoes, Muslins,
Ginghams, Flannels,
Hosiery, Carpets,
Silks, Shawls,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Satinetts, Cassimers,
Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans.
&C., &C. &C.
GROCERIES, MACKEREL,
Queensware, Cedarware, Hardware, Medicines, Drugs, Oils, Paints, &c.
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.
In short everything usually kept in a country store. The patronage of his old friends and the public generally, is respectfully solicited.
The highest market price paid for country produce. PETER ENT.
Light Street, Nov. 8 1867.

J. J. BROWER,
Is now offering to the public his Stock of
*SPRING GOODS*
consisting in part of a full line of
INGRAIN, WOOL AND RAG
CARPETS,
Fine cloths and cassimere for Ladies' coats,
HANDSOME DRESS GOODS,
of all patterns and qualities, Inlaids and Prints of various qualities and prices,
BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS,
LADIE'S FRENCH CORSETS,
AND
BALMORAL SKIRTS.
Good assortment of
*LADIES' & CHILDREN'S GAITERS & BOOTS.*
Fresh Groceries and Spices. New assortment
GLASS AND QUEENS-WARE,
FX—NO. 1 MACKEREL
in one-half and one-fourth barrels.
Now is the time to make your selections, as I am offering goods at very low prices, and our motto is fair dealing to all, and not to be undersold by any. J. J. BROWER.
Bloomsburg, April 12, 1867.

FEBRUARY LIST AT I.W.HARTMAN'S.

SPLENDID WINTER DRESS
Goods Selling at a low figure, at
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

A FEW MORE LONG SHAWLS
AT A GREAT REDUCTION, AT
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

LADIE'S CLOTH SACKS
Marked down from $5 00 to $3 00, at
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

BREAKFAST SHAWLS AND
Wool Scarfs with a few Ladies' Bridal and other Hoods down in prices, at
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

A FEW MORE REMNANTS
of Prints, DeLains, Muslins, Cassimers, &c., at cost or less, at I. W. HARTMAN'S.

THREE NEW ROLLS OF
Carpets just received at
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS
4-4 5-4 6-4 8-4 a nice pattern of each
at I. W. HARTMAN'S.

MEN'S, LADIE'S, & CHILDREN'S
Arctic Gums, at I. W. HARTMAN'S.

RASINS, PRUNES, DRIED
Peaches, Cherries, Apples, Soup Beans &c., on hand at I. W. HARTMAN'S

MINISTERS OF THE GOSPEL
who live by Preaching supplied with goods low for cash, at I. W. HARTMAN'S.

WARREN'S
AND WATER PROOF IMPROVED FIRE
*FELT AND CEMENT ROOFING!*
The advantages which this composition possesses are many. It is both water-tight and fire-proof. It is not affected by heat or cold. It can be applied to an almost perfectly flat roof, one inch to the foot being all that is required. It is easily and quickly repaired. Its cost is less than any other fire-proof roof now in use. Testimonials from all parts of the country as to its durability, security and cheapness will be shown by
JOHN W. KRAMER,
June 27'68. Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.
A fine specimen of the roofing can be seen at W B. Koons' new house on Fifth Street.

PUMPS! PUMPS FOR SALE.
The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he is prepared to furnish, at short notice, one of the best WOODEN PUMPS for Wells and Cisterns ever offered to the public. They are guaranteed to throw more water in less time and with less labor than any other pump in this part of the country and they cannot be surpassed for beauty or finish, or simplicity of arrangement, also combining cheapness and durability. Each pump being warranted to perform its work well or no sale. Elias Shuman is agent for Columbia county. Price 75 cents per foot as used in the well. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.
apl, 1,'68-1y ELIAS SHUMAN, Catawissa Pa.

## RAIL ROADS.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
On and after May 16th 1868, Trains will leave NORTHUMBERLAND as follows:
NORTHWARD.
425 A. M., Daily to Williamsport, (except Sunday) for Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, and N. Falls.
650 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Elmira and Buffalo via Erie Railway from Elmira.
9.10 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Williamsport.
TRAINS SOUTHWARD.
2.35 A. M. Daily (except Monday's) for Baltimore.
WILMINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA.
9.30 P. M. Daily (except Sunday's) for Baltimore Washington and Philadelphia.
ED. S. YOUNG,
General Passenger Agent.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD
On and after Nov 30th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

| | Going South. Leave a. m. | Leave p. m. | Going North. Arrive a. m. | Arrive p. m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Scranton | 5.35 | 4.10 | 12.05 | 9.45 |
| | | | Leave | |
| Pittston | 6.00 | 4.47 | 11.30 | 9.10 |
| Kingston | 6.30 | 5.35 | 10.57 | 8.40 |
| Plymouth | 6.42 | 4.55 | 7.41 | 8.25 |
| Shickshinny | 7.22 | 5.40 | 9.02 | 7.38 |
| Berwick | 7.55 | 6.15 | 8.30 | 6.58 |
| Bloom | 8.36 | 6.53 | 7.46 | 6.16 |
| Rupert | 8.58 | 7.47 | 8.18 | 6.00 |
| Danville | 9.04 | 8.20 | 7.46 | 5.33 |
| | Arrive | Arrive | Leave | Leave |
| North'd | 9.45 | 9.03 | 7.10 | 4.45 |

The 11.10 Train at Scranton makes connections with Express Train for New York at 3 o'clock p. m., arriving in New York 9.50 p. m.
H. A. FONDA, Sup't.

1868, PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.— 1868.
WINTER TIME TABLE.
THROUGH AND DIRECT ROUTE BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, HARRISBURG, WILLIAMSPORT, AND THE
GREAT OIL REGION OF PENNSYLVANIA.
ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS
On all Night Trains.
On and after MONDAY, Nov. 23rd 1868, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road will run as follows:
WESTWARD.
MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia.....10.45 p.m.
" " " Northumberland..5.10 a.m.
" " arr. at Erie.....9.50p.m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia....11.59 m.
" " " Nort'd.....6.50 p.m.
" " arr. at Erie.....10.00 a.m.
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia.....8.00 a.m.
" " " North'd.....4.25 p.m
" " arr. at Lock Haven.....7.45 p.m.
EASTWARD.
MAIL TRAIN leaves Erie.....10.55 a.m.
" " " North'd.....2.35 p.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....6.00 a.m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Erie.....6.25 p.m.
" " " North'd.....9.30 a.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....4.20 p.m.
Mail and Express connects with Oil Creek and Allegheny River Rail Road. Baggage checked through.
A. L. TYLER,
General Superintendent, Williamsport.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 23, 1868, Passenger trains on the Catawissa Railroad will run at the following named hours:

| *Mail South.* | STATIONS. | *Mail North* |
|---|---|---|
| Dep. 7.50 a.m | Williamsport, | Arr, 6.10 p. m. |
| " 8.39 " | Muncy, | Dep. 5.41 " |
| " 8.50 " | Watsontown, | " 5.12 " |
| " 9.10 " | Milton, | " 4.55 " |
| " 9.52 " | Danville, | " 4.10 " |
| " 10.12 " | Rupert, | " 3.50 " |
| " 10.25 " | Catawissa, | " 3.35 " |
| " 11.10 " | Ringtown, | " 2.28 " |
| " 12.00 p.m. | Summit, | " 1.50 " |
| " 12.43 " | Quakake, | " 1.10 " |
| " 1.00 " | Ex. Mahonoy June. | " 1.00 " |
| " 2.15 " | Dine. Tamaqua, Dine. | " 1.10 " |
| " 4.25 " | Reading, | " 10.40 a.m. |
| Arr. 6.45 " | Philadelphia, | " 8.15 " |
| " 10.50 " | To New York via. Reading or Mauch Chunk. From New York via. Mauch Chunk, | 7.00 " |

No Change of cars between Williamsport and Philadelphia. GEO. WEBB Sup't.

READING RAILROAD.
WINTER ARRANGMENT, Dec. 14th, 1868.
Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.
Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 5,30, 8,30 and 8,0 a. m., 12,00 Noon and 2,05 &10,50 p.m., connecting with similar trains on the Pa. Railroad, and arriving at New York at 11,05, & 11,50 a.m., & 3,00 7,00 & 10,05 p. m sleeping cars accompanying line 5,30 a.m. and 10,50 p.m. trains without change.
Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8,10 a.m., and 2,05 and 4,10 p.m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4,10 p.m. making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 5,30 p.m. Returning: Leave New York at 9,00 a.m. and 12,00 m., and 5,10 and 8,00 p.m. Sleeping cars accompanying the 9,00 a.m., and 5,10 and 8,00 p. m., trains without change. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7,30 a.m., returning from Reading at 6,35 p.m stopping at all stations; Pottsville at 7,20 a. m., and 2,00 p.m., Ashland 7,00 a.m and 12,10 noon, and 2,00 p.m., Tamaqua at 8,30 a. m, and 2,20 for Philadelphia.
Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,10 a.m. and 11,30 noon. for Pine Grove and Tremont.
Reading Accommodation Train leaves Reading at 7,30 a.m., returning from Philadelphia at 4,45 p.m.
Pottstown Accommodation Trains leaves Pottstown at 6,45 a.m., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4,00 p.m.
Columbia Railroad Trains: leave Reading at 7,00 a.m., and 6-15 p.m. for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,
Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9,15 a.m., and 5,30 p. m. Returning: Leave Skippack at 8,40 a.m., and 12,45 p.m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad
On Sundays, leave New York at 8,00 p.m., Philadelphia 8,00 a.m. and 3,15 p.m., the 8,00 a.m. train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8,00 a.m.; Harrisburg 5,50 a.m. and 4,10 and 10,00 p.m., and Reading at 1,05 and 3,00 and 7,15 a.m. for Harrisburg, and 12,50 a.m., and 7,31 a.m. for New York, and 4,25 p.m. for Philadelphia.
Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion tickets to and from all points, at reduced rates.
Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed to each passenger.
G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.
Reading, Pa., Dec, 14, 1868.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINE
HEADS THE LIST,
And leads the column 4,998 ahead of all others. This Machine is the
MOST POPULAR IN USE.
It uses the finest needle of any Machine in existence,
Any lady wanting a good
SEWING MACHINE,
Will consult her own interests by buying a SINGER. It is easier to run, learn and keep in order than any Machine in the world.
OVER 250,000 OF THEM IN USE.
The fullest instruction given those who purchase, and the Machine WILL BE WARRANTED to you for one year.
Please call at my Store and satisfy yourselves. Here you will find Needles, Thread and Silk.
DAVID LOWENSBERG, Agent.
April 3,'68-1f. Bloomsburg, Pa.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
BY
BERNARD STOHNER.
HAVING lately purchased and fitted up the well-known Rohrbach Hotel Property, located a
FEW DOORS ABOVE THE COURT HOUSE,
on the same side of the street, in the town of Bloomsburg; and having obtained a license for the same as a
RESTAURANT,
the Proprietor has determined to give to the people visiting the town on business or pleasure,
A LITTLE MORE ROOM.
His stabling also is extensive, and is fitted up to put buggies and carriages in the dry. He promises that every thing about his establishment shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. [may17'67-6m.

GET THE BEST.
Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod is the best protection against disaster by lightning ever invented. The subscriber is agent for the above invention, and all orders by mail or in person will be promptly attended to.
May 15,'68 E. B. BIDLEMAN.

G. W. BLABON & CO.,
Manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,
Warehouse, No. 124 North Third Street
Philadelphia.

## GROCERIES, &c.,

CONFECTIONERY.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has opened a
FIRST-CLASS CONFECTIONERY STORE,
in the building lately occupied by Bernard Stohner, where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN & FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,
NUTS, RAISINS, &C., &C., &C.
BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
In short, a full assortment of all goods in his line of business. A great variety of
DOLLS, TOYS, &c.,
suitable for the Holidays. Particular attention given to
BREAD AND CAKES,
of all kinds, fresh every day.
CHRISTMAS CANDIES,
CHISTMAS TOYS.
A call is solicited, and satisfaction will be guaranteed,
Nov. 22, 1867. ECKHART JACOBS.

REMOVAL OF
C. C. MARR'S
NEW STORE
*TO SHIVE'S BLOCK,*
ON THE CORNER OF MARKET AND IRON STREETS.
The undersigned having received from the city a full and complete supply of
SPRING AND SUMMER
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
NOTIONS,
TIN-WARE AND HARD-WARE,
*CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,*
CONFECTIONERY, GLASS-WARE,
TOBACCO,
*HATS AND SHOES,*
FLOUR, SALT, FISH, AND MEAT,
all of which I propose selling at a very low figure for cash or produce.
☞ Call and see.
April 12, 1867. C. C. MARR.

GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
consisting of
consisting of
consisting of
consisting of
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
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BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
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READY-MADE CLOTHING,
LOOKING-GLASSES,
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PAINTS AND OILS,
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QUEENSWARE,
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GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
&c., &c. &c.,
AT
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S.
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
in large quantities and at reduced rates, always on hand.

CHICKERING & SONS,
Manufacturers of
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS
Received the First Grand Gold Medal, and still higher recompense,
THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, at the
UNIVERSAL EXPOSITION, PARIS, 1867.
These were the highest awards of the Exposition, and the house of CHICKERING & SONS was the ONLY ONE so honored.
In the United States we have been awarded SIXTY-NINE FIRST PREMIUMS in direct competition with the leading manufacturers of the country, and at the Great Exhibition in London we received the highest award given to any manufacturers in the United States. Total Seventy-one First Premiums, and the most flattering testimonials from the leading artists of the world. WAREROOMS:
NO. 11 EAST FOURTEENTH ST., NEW YORK,
Between Broadway and Fifth Avenue.
Feb. 5,'69.-3mo.

SOMETHING NEW.
The undersigned begs leave to inform her friends and the public generally, that she has opened in
LIGHT STREET
a fresh stock of goods in the line of
MILLINERY and TRIMMINGS
in connection with Dress Making; and is prepared in addition, to
COLOR STRAW HATS
on the shortest notice, and in the best style of the art. Prices cheap and work satisfactory.
Light Street, October 4, 1867. MRS. E. KLINE.

H. V. PETERMAN,
with LIPPINCOTT & TROTTER,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 21 North Water Street,
and No. 20 North Delaware Avenue
Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,
Late Walter & Kaub,
Importer and Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 421 Market Street,
Philadelphia.

JOHN STROUP & CO.,
Successors to Stroup & Brother,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH,
No. 36 North Wharves, and 35 North Water St.,
Philadelphia.

## IRON, TINWARE, &C.,

NATIONAL FOUNDRY,
Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa.
The subscriber, proprietor of the above-named extensive establishment, is now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of
MACHINERY FOR COLLIERIES, BLAST
FURNACES, STATIONARY ENGINES,
MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, &c
He is also prepared to make Stoves of all sizes and patterns, Plow-irons, and everything usually made in first-class Foundries.
His extensive facilities and practical workmen warrant him in receiving the largest contracts on the most reasonable terms.
Grain of all kinds will be taken in exchange for Castings.
This establishment is located near the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad Depot.
PETER BILLMYER.

STOVES AND TINWARE.
A. M. RUPERT
announces to his friends and customers that continues the above business at his old place on
MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG.
Customers can be accomodated with
FANCY STOVES
of all kinds, Stovepipes, Tinware, and every variety of article found in a Stove and Tinware Establishment in the cities, and on the most reasonable terms. Repairing done at the shortest notice.
25 DOZEN MILK-PANS
on hand for sale.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ON MAIN STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE MILLER' STORE,
BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.
THE undersigned has just fitted up and opened his new
STOVE AND TIN SHOP,
in this place, where he is prepared to make up new TIN WARE of all kinds in his line, and do repairing with neatness and dispatch, upon the most reasonable terms. He also keeps on hand STOVES OF VARIOUS PATTERNS & STYLES, which he will sell upon terms to suit purchasers.
Give him a call. He is a good mechanic, and deserving of the public patronage.
JACOB METZ.
Bloomsburg, April 28, 1867.

GEORGE H. ROBERTS,
Importer and Dealer in
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.,
No. 311 North Third Street, above Vine,
Philadelphia.

JACOB K. SMITH, J. R. SELTZER
SMITH & SELTZER,
Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,
GUNS, CUTLERY, &C.,
NO. 409 N. THIRD STREET, AB. CALLOWHILL,
PHILADELPHIA.